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**Ito et al.**

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(45) **Date of Patent: Aug. 16, 2016**

(54) **LENS CONTROL APPARATUS, LENS CONTROL METHOD, IMAGE CAPTURING APPARATUS, INFORMATION PROCESSING APPARATUS, INFORMATION PROCESSING METHOD, IMAGE CAPTURING SYSTEM, AND COMPUTER READABLE STORAGE MEDIUM**

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(73) Assignee: **SONY CORPORATION**, Tokyo (JP)

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(22) Filed: **Apr. 10, 2014**

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(51) **Int. Cl.**
***H04N 5/232*** (2006.01)
***G03B 5/00*** (2006.01)

(52) **U.S. Cl.**
CPC ..... ***H04N 5/23296*** (2013.01); ***G03B 5/00*** (2013.01); *G03B 2205/0046* (2013.01)

(58) **Field of Classification Search**
None
See application file for complete search history.

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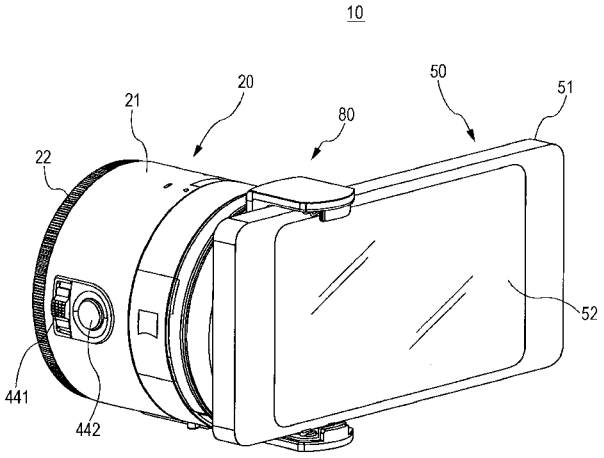
(57) **ABSTRACT**

A lens control apparatus includes an operation input unit, a communication unit, and a control unit. The operation input unit is configured to accept a user operation. The communication unit is configured to perform communication with an external apparatus. The control unit is configured to perform driving control of a zoom lens in response to a zoom operation accepted by the operation input unit or a zoom control signal received by the communication unit. The control unit is also configured to selectively set a zoom position changing speed for driving control performed in response to the zoom operation and a zoom position changing speed for driving control performed in response to the zoom control signal, the zoom position changing speeds being different from each other.

**16 Claims, 15 Drawing Sheets**



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| JP | 2012-186698 | A | 9/2012 | |
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FIG. 1

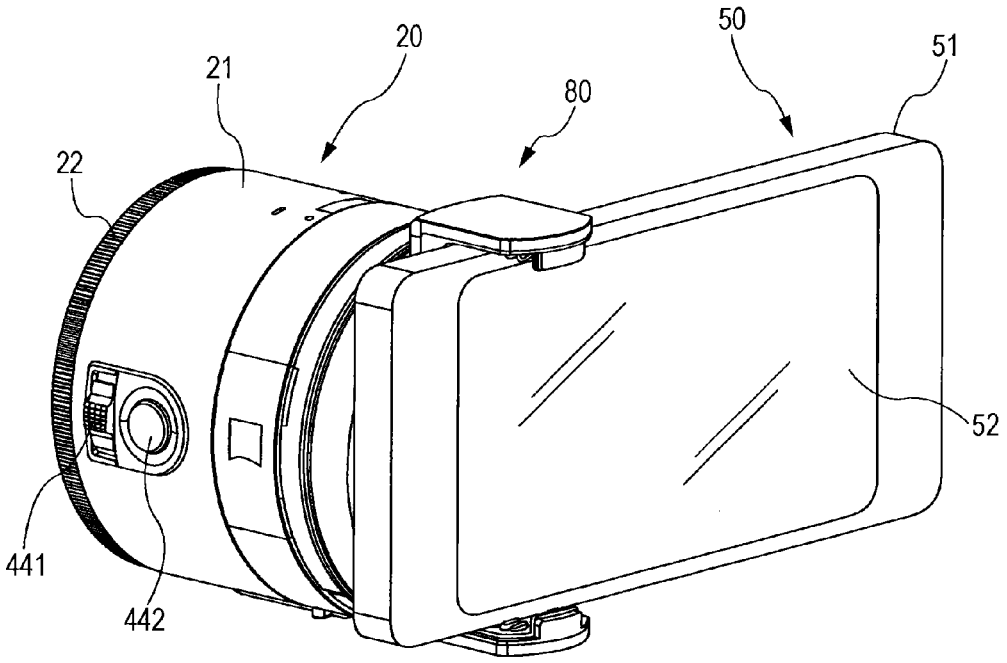


FIG. 2

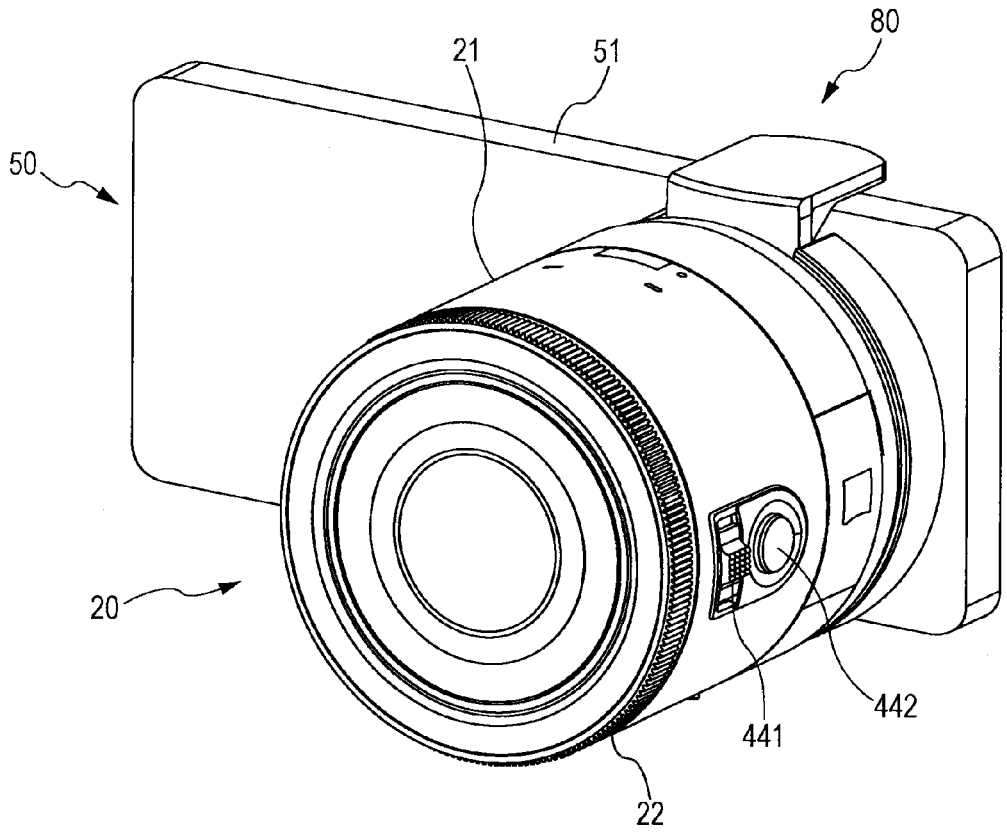


FIG. 3

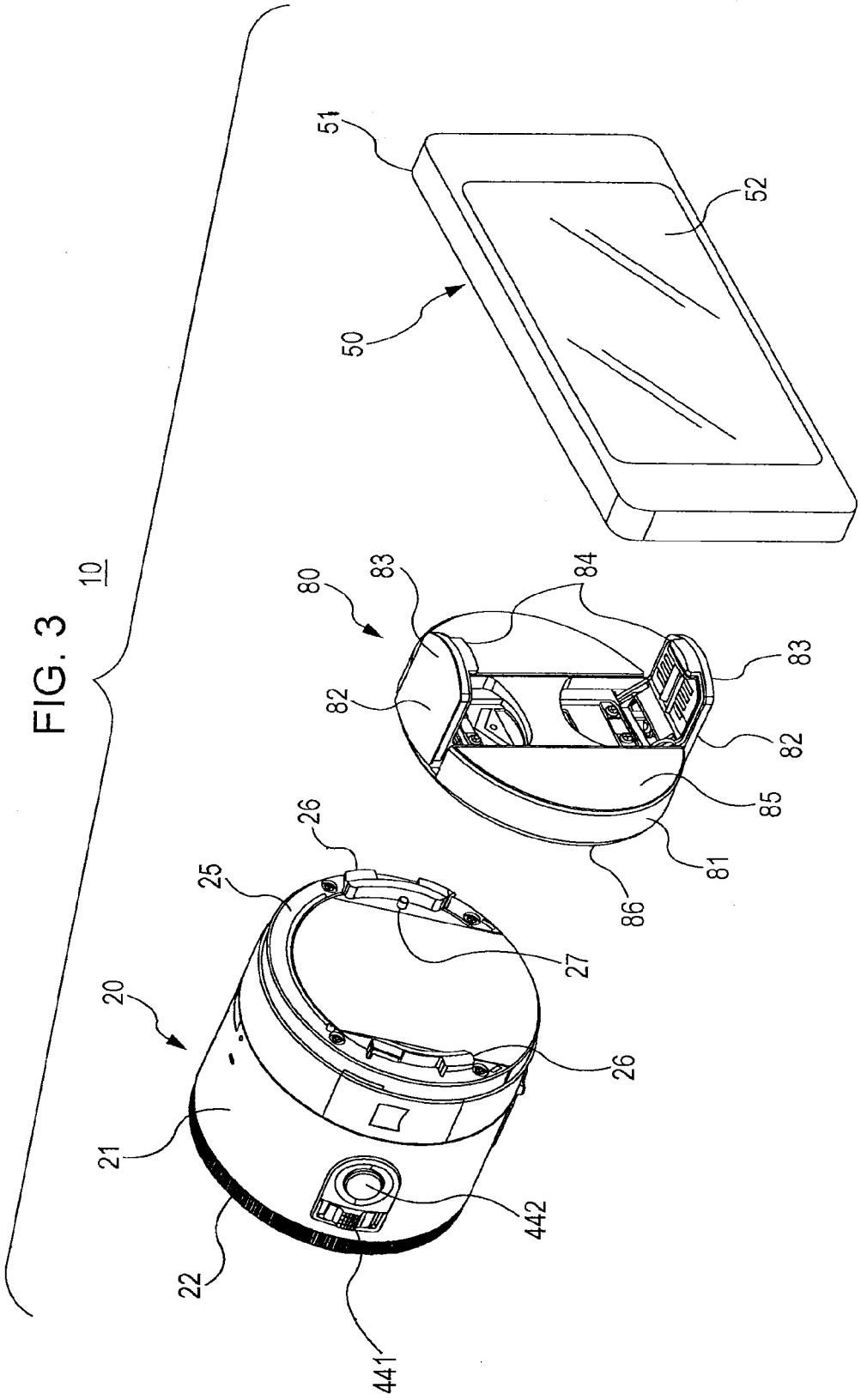


FIG. 4

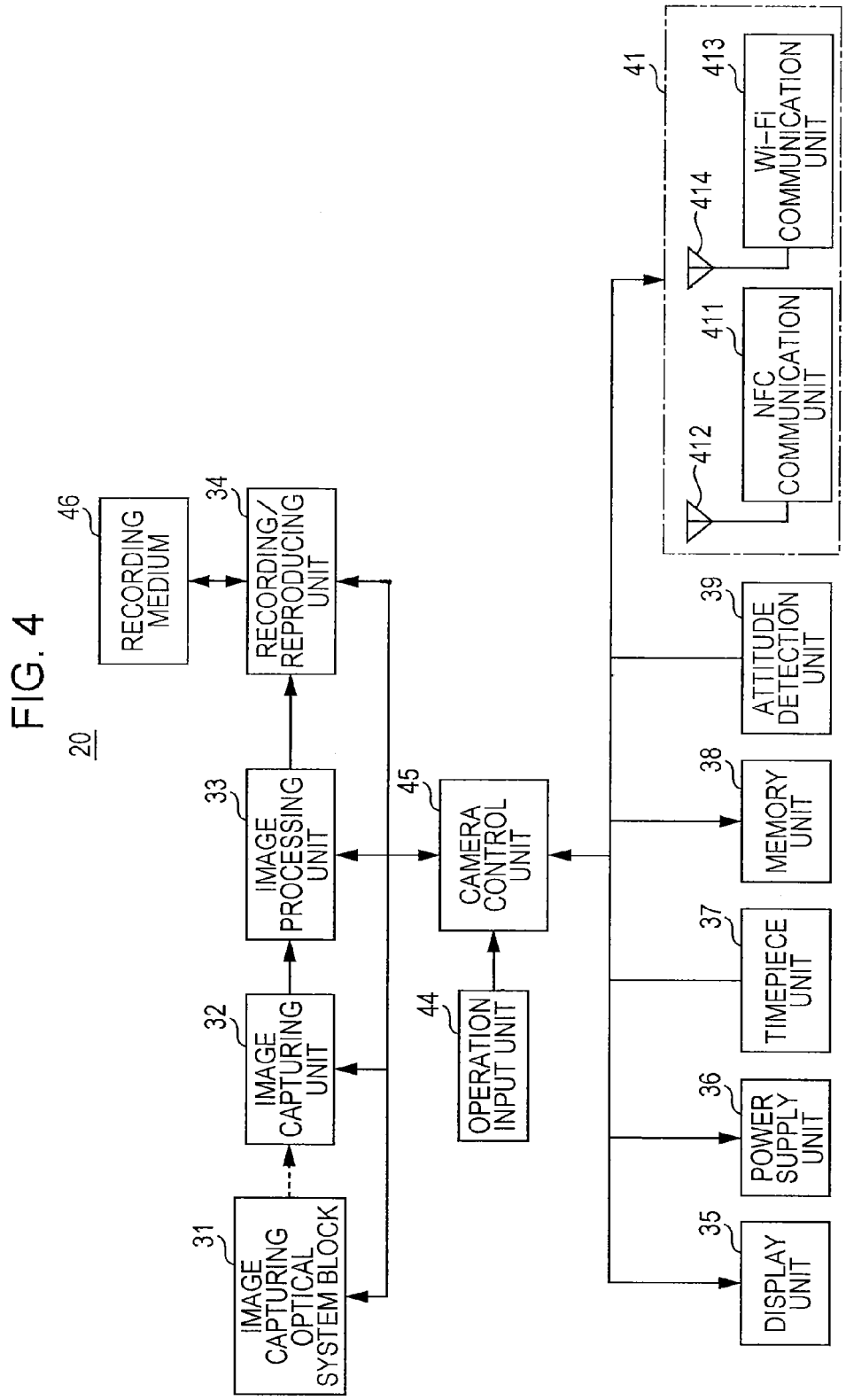

20
31
IMAGE CAPTURING OPTICAL SYSTEM BLOCK
32
IMAGE CAPTURING UNIT
33
IMAGE PROCESSING UNIT
34
RECORDING/ REPRODUCING UNIT
46
RECORDING MEDIUM
44
OPERATION INPUT UNIT
45
CAMERA CONTROL UNIT
35
DISPLAY UNIT
36
POWER SUPPLY UNIT
37
TIMEPIECE UNIT
38
MEMORY UNIT
39
ATTITUDE DETECTION UNIT
41
412
NFC COMMUNICATION UNIT
411
414
Wi-Fi COMMUNICATION UNIT
413

FIG. 5

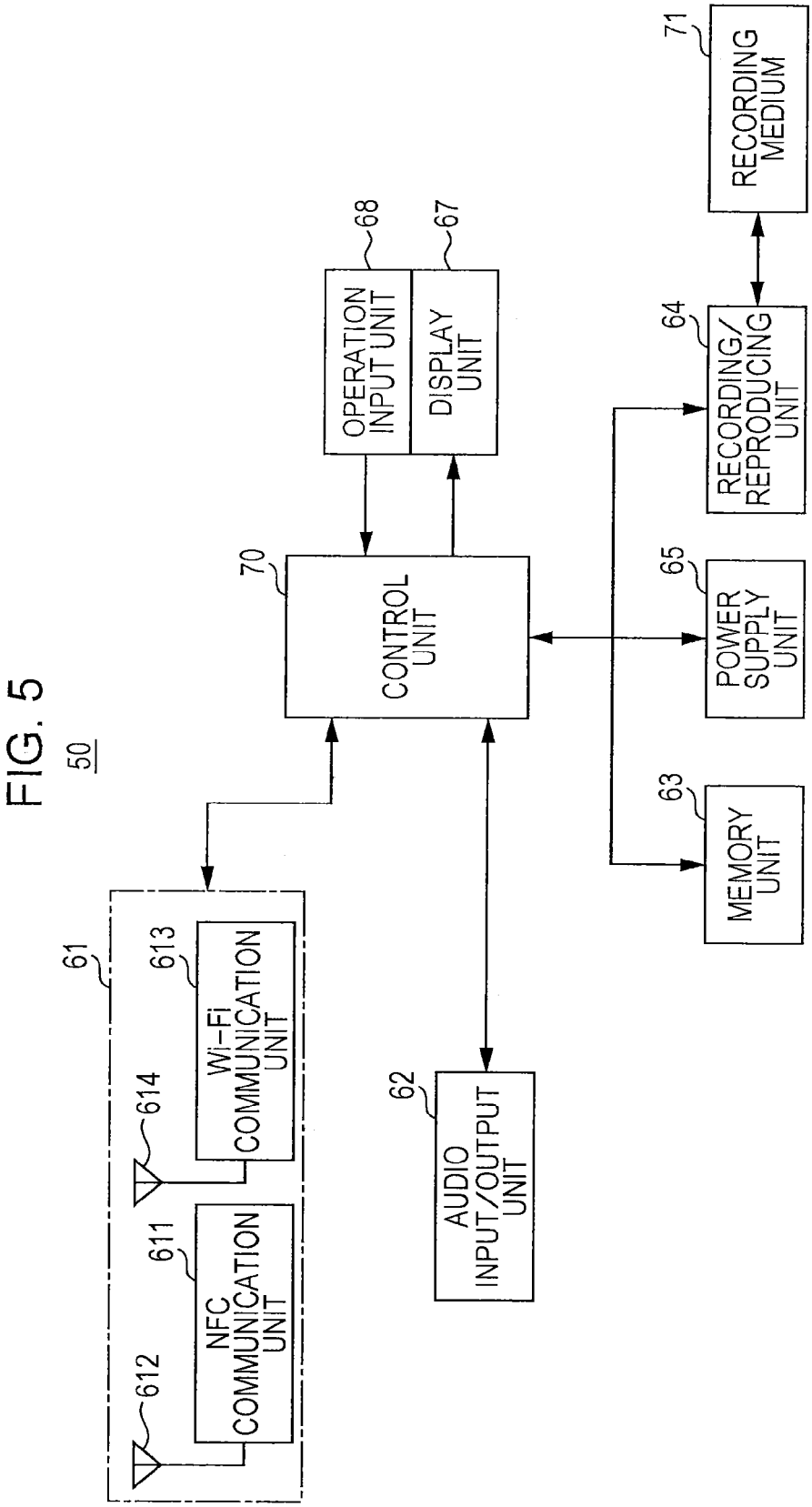

50
61
612
611
NFC COMMUNICATION UNIT
614
613
Wi-Fi COMMUNICATION UNIT
62
AUDIO INPUT/OUTPUT UNIT
70
CONTROL UNIT
68
OPERATION INPUT UNIT
67
DISPLAY UNIT
63
MEMORY UNIT
65
POWER SUPPLY UNIT
64
RECORDING/ REPRODUCING UNIT
71
RECORDING MEDIUM

FIG. 6

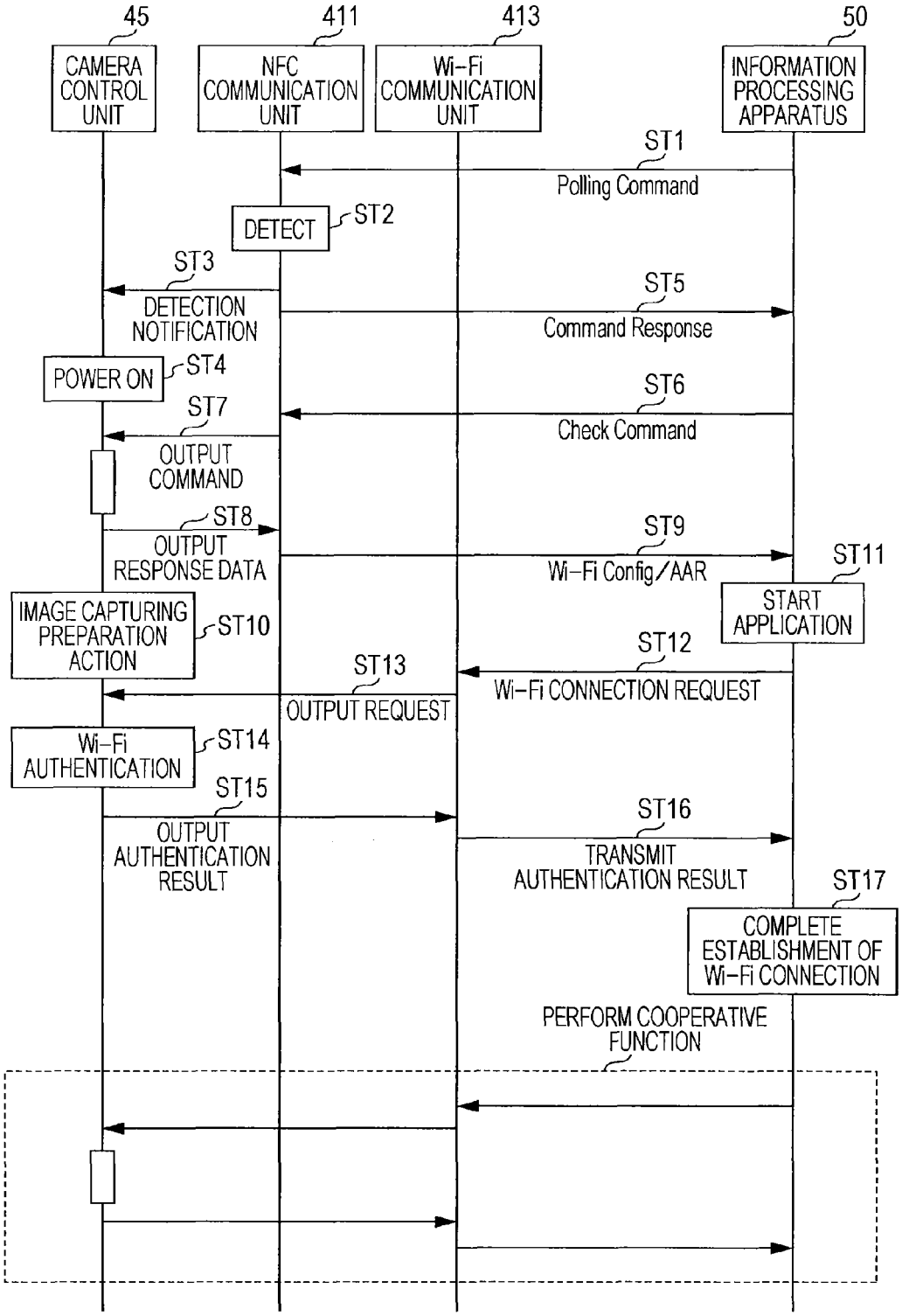

45
411
413
50
CAMERA CONTROL UNIT
NFC COMMUNICATION UNIT
Wi-Fi COMMUNICATION UNIT
INFORMATION PROCESSING APPARATUS
ST1
Polling Command
DETECT
ST2
ST3
DETECTION NOTIFICATION
ST5
Command Response
POWER ON
ST4
ST6
ST7
Check Command
OUTPUT COMMAND
ST8
ST9
OUTPUT RESPONSE DATA
Wi-Fi Config/AAR
ST11
START APPLICATION
IMAGE CAPTURING PREPARATION ACTION
ST10
ST12
ST13
Wi-Fi CONNECTION REQUEST
OUTPUT REQUEST
Wi-Fi AUTHENTICATION
ST14
ST15
ST16
OUTPUT AUTHENTICATION RESULT
TRANSMIT AUTHENTICATION RESULT
ST17
COMPLETE ESTABLISHMENT OF Wi-Fi CONNECTION
PERFORM COOPERATIVE FUNCTION

FIG. 7

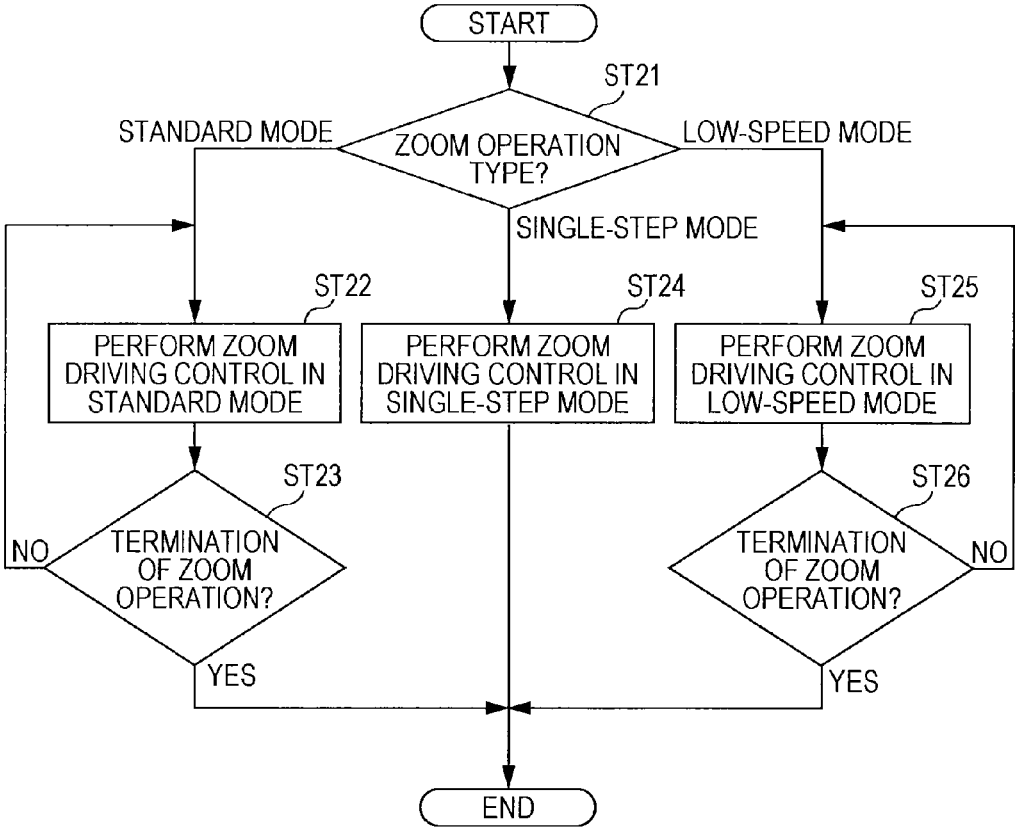

START
ST21
ZOOM OPERATION TYPE?
STANDARD MODE
SINGLE-STEP MODE
LOW-SPEED MODE
ST22
PERFORM ZOOM DRIVING CONTROL IN STANDARD MODE
ST24
PERFORM ZOOM DRIVING CONTROL IN SINGLE-STEP MODE
ST25
PERFORM ZOOM DRIVING CONTROL IN LOW-SPEED MODE
ST23
TERMINATION OF ZOOM OPERATION?
NO
YES
ST26
TERMINATION OF ZOOM OPERATION?
NO
YES
END

FIG. 8

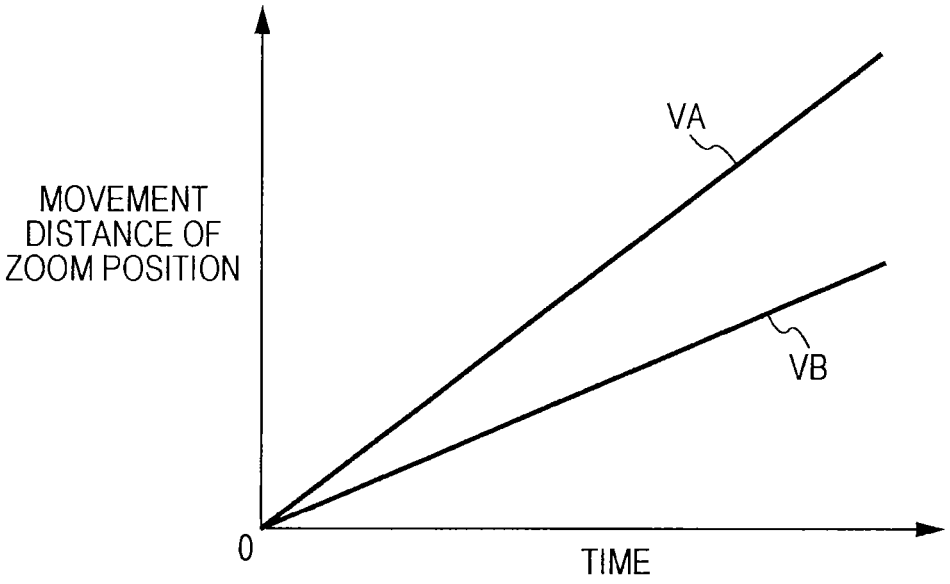

MOVEMENT
DISTANCE OF
ZOOM POSITION
VA
VB
0
TIME

FIG. 9

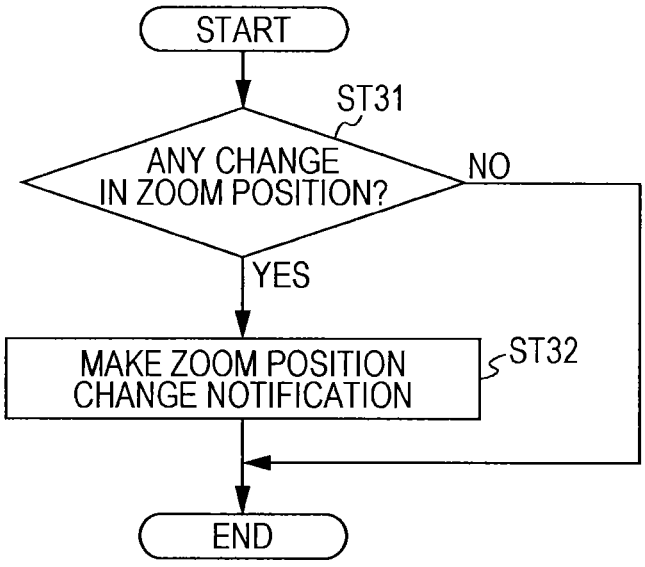

START
ST31
ANY CHANGE
IN ZOOM POSITION?
NO
YES
MAKE ZOOM POSITION
CHANGE NOTIFICATION
ST32
END

FIG. 10

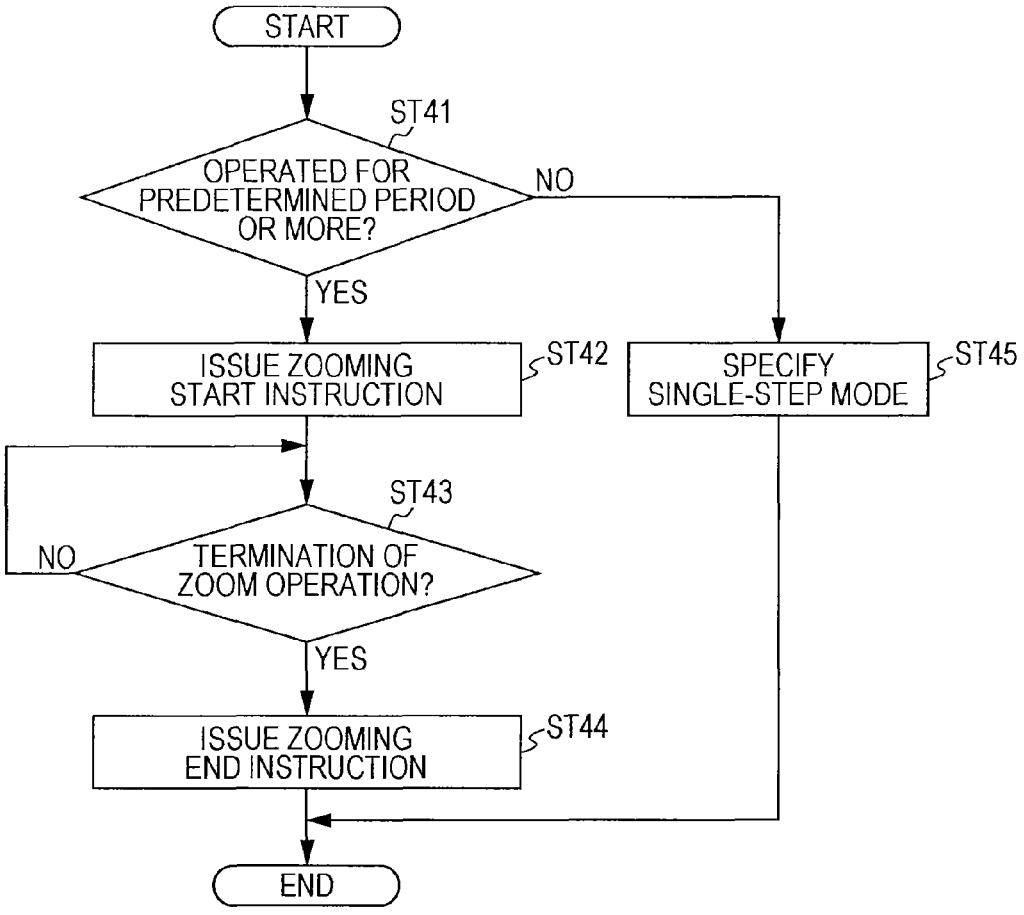

START
ST41
OPERATED FOR PREDETERMINED PERIOD OR MORE?
NO
YES
ISSUE ZOOMING START INSTRUCTION
ST42
SPECIFY SINGLE-STEP MODE
ST45
ST43
NO
TERMINATION OF ZOOM OPERATION?
YES
ISSUE ZOOMING END INSTRUCTION
ST44
END

FIG. 11

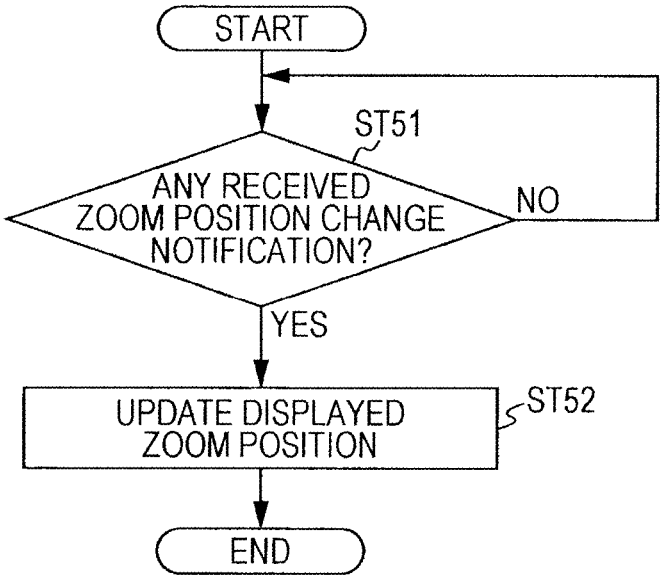

START
ST51
ANY RECEIVED ZOOM POSITION CHANGE NOTIFICATION?
NO
YES
UPDATE DISPLAYED ZOOM POSITION
ST52
END

FIG. 12

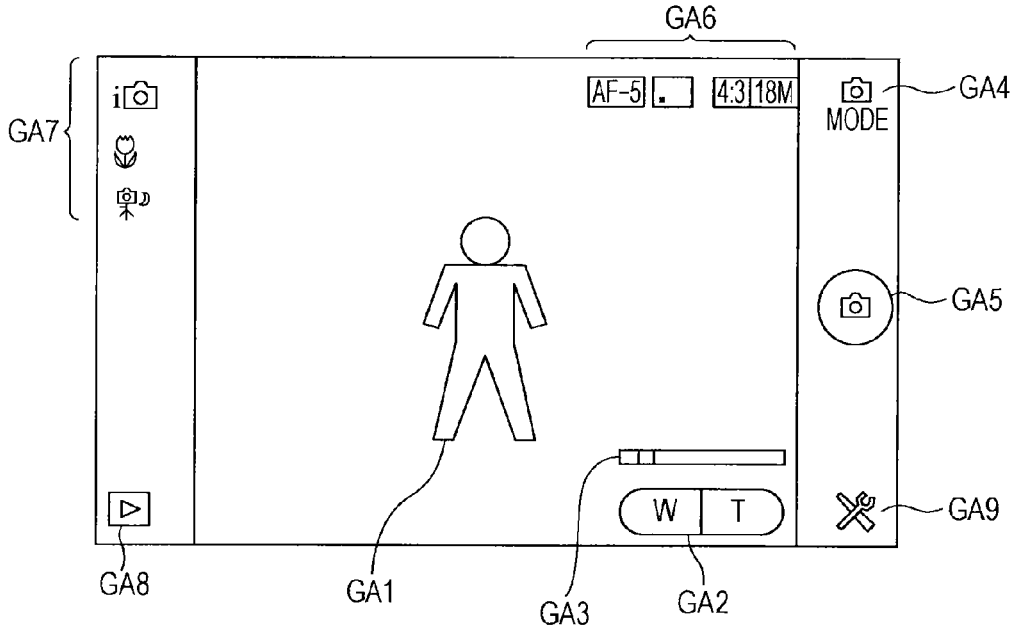

GA6
GA7
AF-5
4:3 18M
MODE
GA4
GA5
W
T
GA9
GA8
GA1
GA3
GA2

FIG. 13

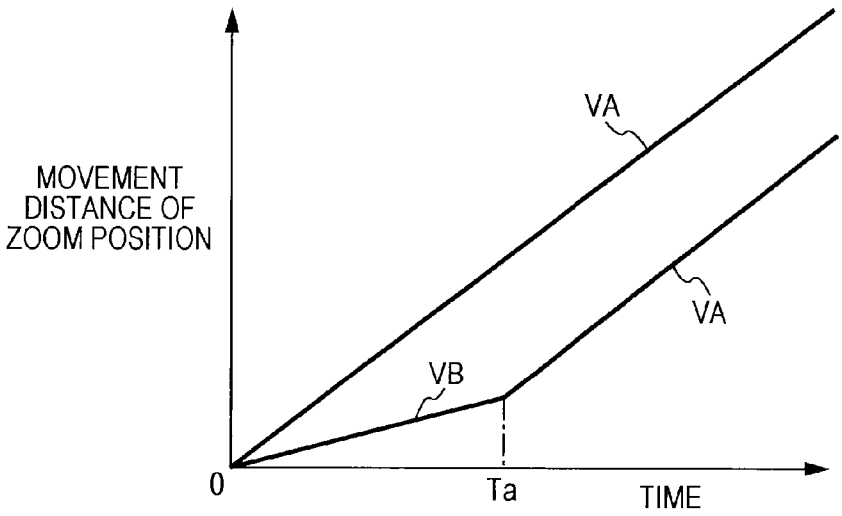

MOVEMENT DISTANCE OF ZOOM POSITION
VA
VA
VB
0
Ta
TIME

FIG. 14

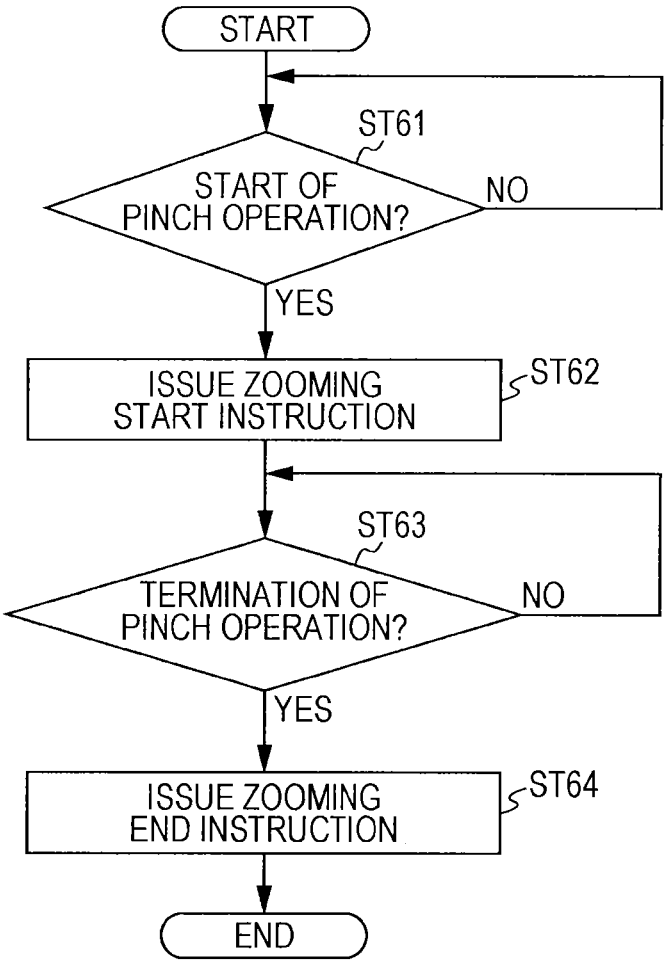

START
ST61
START OF PINCH OPERATION?
NO
YES
ISSUE ZOOMING START INSTRUCTION
ST62
ST63
TERMINATION OF PINCH OPERATION?
NO
YES
ISSUE ZOOMING END INSTRUCTION
ST64
END

FIG. 15

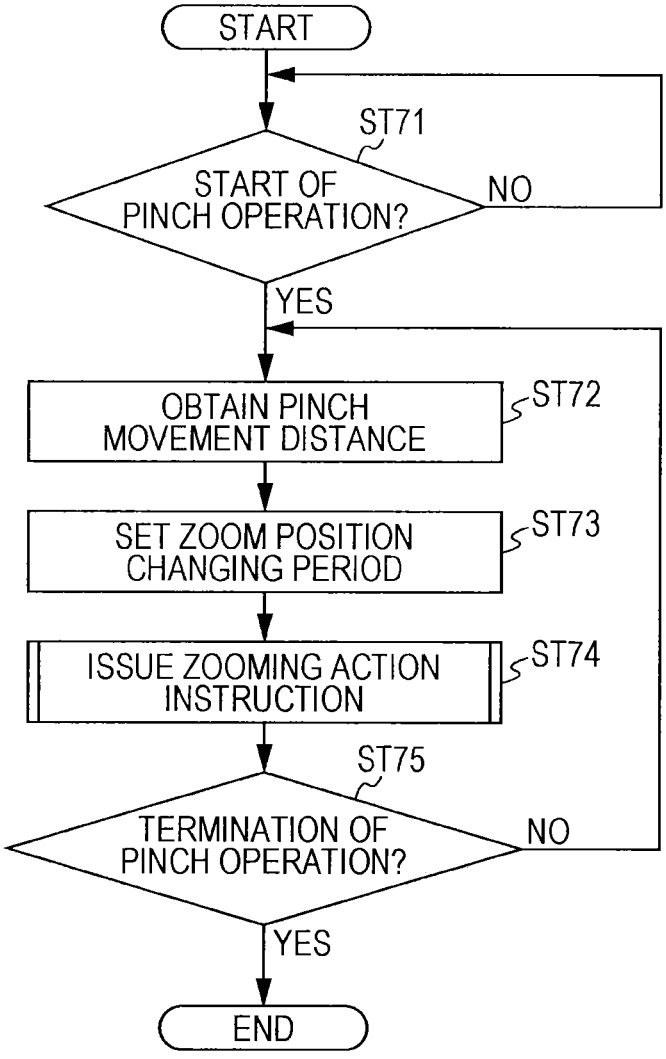

START
ST71
START OF PINCH OPERATION?
NO
YES
OBTAIN PINCH MOVEMENT DISTANCE
ST72
SET ZOOM POSITION CHANGING PERIOD
ST73
ISSUE ZOOMING ACTION INSTRUCTION
ST74
ST75
TERMINATION OF PINCH OPERATION?
NO
YES
END

FIG. 16

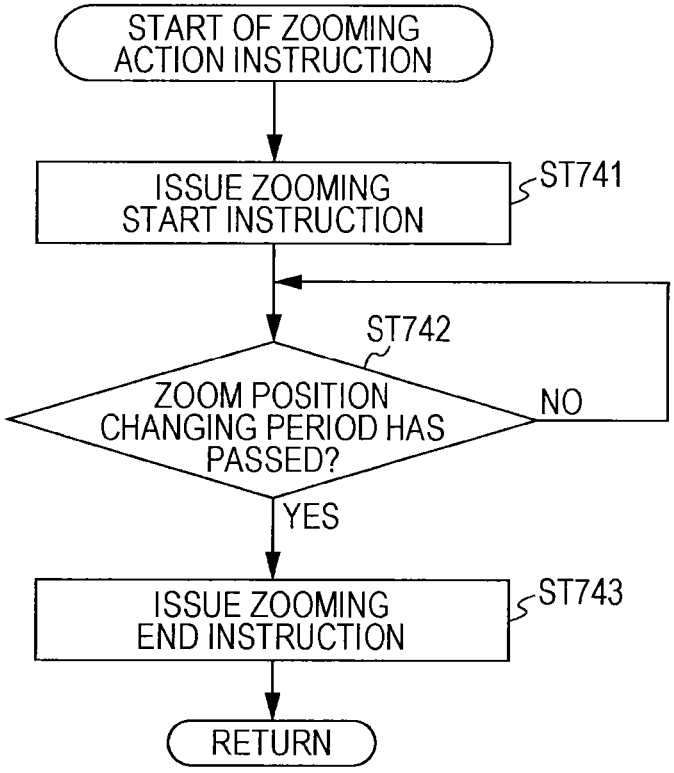
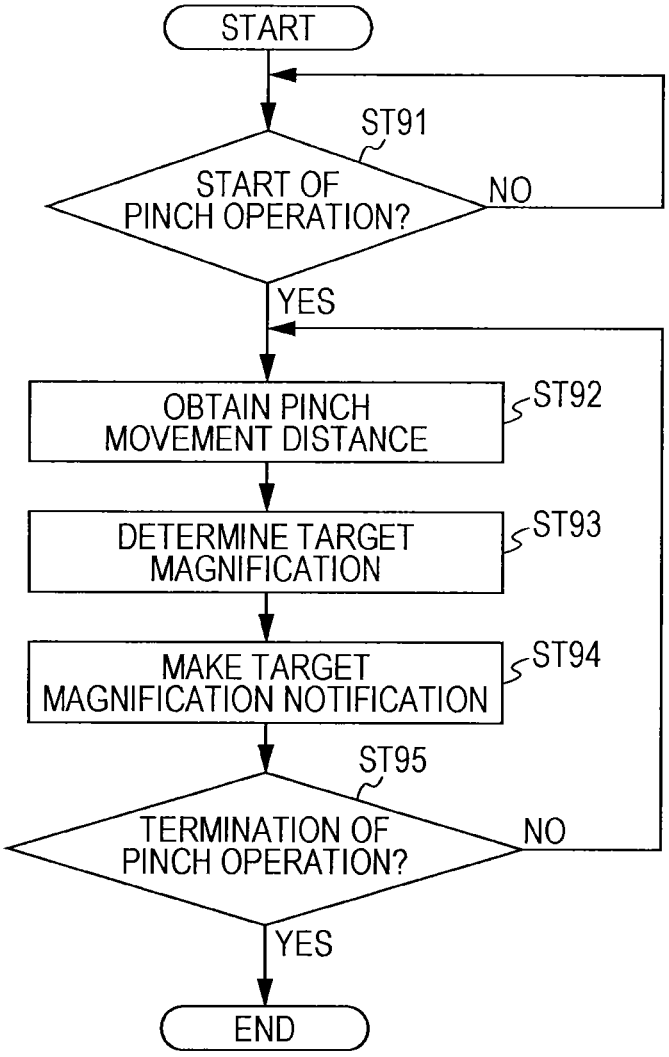

START OF ZOOMING ACTION INSTRUCTION
ISSUE ZOOMING START INSTRUCTION
ST741
ST742
ZOOM POSITION CHANGING PERIOD HAS PASSED?
NO
YES
ISSUE ZOOMING END INSTRUCTION
ST743
RETURN

FIG. 17


START
ST91
START OF PINCH OPERATION?
NO
YES
OBTAIN PINCH MOVEMENT DISTANCE
ST92
DETERMINE TARGET MAGNIFICATION
ST93
MAKE TARGET MAGNIFICATION NOTIFICATION
ST94
ST95
TERMINATION OF PINCH OPERATION?
NO
YES
END

# LENS CONTROL APPARATUS, LENS CONTROL METHOD, IMAGE CAPTURING APPARATUS, INFORMATION PROCESSING APPARATUS, INFORMATION PROCESSING METHOD, IMAGE CAPTURING SYSTEM, AND COMPUTER READABLE STORAGE MEDIUM

## CROSS REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATION

This application claims the benefit of priority of Provisional Application Ser. No. 61/878,986, filed Sep. 17, 2013, the entire contents of which are incorporated herein by reference.

## BACKGROUND

The present technology relates to a lens control apparatus, a lens control method, an image capturing apparatus, an information processing apparatus, an information processing method, an image capturing system, and a computer-readable storage medium, and enables a zooming action to be performed with excellent operability.

In the related art, image capturing apparatuses are capable of adjusting the angle of view by moving the zoom lens in response to operation of the zoom lever or zoom key. For example, in Japanese Unexamined Patent Application Publication No. 10-191141, manual zooming is implemented by electrically moving the zoom lens in response to movement of the zoom lever. Also, when movement of the zoom lens is controlled in accordance with pressure at which the zoom key is pressed, the zoom lever is electrically moved in accordance with the movement of the zoom lens so as to allow the user to roughly adjust the angle of view on the basis of the position of the zoom lever without viewing the screen.

Also, image capturing systems have been suggested in which an image capturing apparatus performs wireless communication with an external apparatus (e.g., an information processing apparatus), and an application having a function enabling remote control of the image capturing apparatus is caused to run in the information processing apparatus so as to allow the user to operate the image capturing apparatus from the information processing apparatus.

## SUMMARY

Image capturing systems in which an image capturing apparatus is operated from an external apparatus via communication do not take into account a difference between the case where the image capturing apparatus is operated using an operation switch or the like included in the image capturing apparatus and the case where the image capturing apparatus is operated using the information processing apparatus.

In the case where the image capturing apparatus is operated using the information processing apparatus, the information processing apparatus, for example, detects the start of a zoom operation, and transmits a zooming start instruction to the image capturing apparatus. The information processing apparatus also detects the termination of the zoom operation, and transmits a zooming end instruction to the image capturing apparatus. The image capturing apparatus receives the zooming start instruction or the zooming end instruction, and controls a zooming action in accordance with the received instruction. In contrast, in the case where the image capturing apparatus is operated using an operation switch or the like included therein, the image capturing apparatus simply controls a zooming action in response to operation of the operation switch or the like. Consequently, the process takes longer when the image capturing apparatus is operated using the information processing apparatus than when the image capturing apparatus is operated using the operation switch or the like included therein, resulting in poor zooming stop responsiveness, for example. Poor zooming stop responsiveness may cause the actual zoom position (zooming stop position) to largely deviate from the zoom position selected when the user stops the zoom operation. For this reason, in the case where the zoom of the image capturing apparatus is operated using the information processing apparatus, the operation is desirably performed while taking into account poor responsiveness, for example, in order to set the zoom position to a desired position. This, however, possibly leads to a decrease in the operability.



Accordingly, the present technology provides a lens control apparatus, a lens control method, an image capturing apparatus, an information processing apparatus, an information processing method, an image capturing system, and a computer-readable storage medium that enable a zooming action to be performed with excellent operability either in the case where a zoom operation is performed in the image capturing apparatus or in the case where a zoom operation is performed in the external apparatus.

A first embodiment of the present technology provides a lens control apparatus including an operation input unit configured to accept a user operation, a communication unit configured to perform communication with an external apparatus, and a control unit configured to perform driving control of a zoom lens in response to a zoom operation accepted by the operation input unit or a zoom control signal received by the communication unit and configured to selectively set a zoom position changing speed for driving control performed in response to the zoom operation and a zoom position changing speed for driving control performed in response to the zoom control signal, the zoom position changing speeds being different from each other.

The lens control apparatus according to the embodiment of the present technology performs driving control of the zoom lens in response to a zoom operation accepted by the operation input unit or a zoom control signal received via wireless communication with the external apparatus via the communication unit. For example, the zoom position changing speed for driving control performed in response to the zoom control signal may be set to be lower than that for driving control performed in response to the zoom operation. Also, driving control in response to the zoom control signal may be started at a zoom position changing speed lower than that for driving control performed in response to the zoom operation and the zoom position changing speed may be later changed to the zoom position changing speed for driving control performed in response to the zoom operation. In the case where the zoom control signal indicates that a zoom operation has been performed in the external apparatus over a period shorter than a predetermined period, driving control may be performed over a preset period. Also, in the case where a target zoom position is indicated by the zoom control signal, the zoom position may be changed to the target zoom position indicated by the zoom control signal. In the case where a zoom position changing speed is indicated by the zoom control signal, the zoom position may be changed at the zoom position changing speed indicated by the zoom control signal. Further, information indicating the zoom position of the zoom lens may be transmitted to the external apparatus.

A second embodiment of the present technology provides a lens control method including performing, with a commu-

nication unit, communication with an external apparatus; performing, with a control unit, driving control of a zoom lens in response to a zoom operation accepted with an operation input unit or a zoom control signal received with the communication unit; and selectively setting, with the control unit, a zoom position changing speed for driving control performed in response to the zoom operation and a zoom position changing speed for driving control performed in response to the zoom control signal, the zoom position changing speeds being different from each other.

A third embodiment of the present technology provides a computer-readable storage medium storing a program causing a computer to execute a process for performing driving control of a zoom lens. The process includes performing, via a communication unit, communication with an external apparatus; performing driving control of the zoom lens in response to a zoom operation accepted with an operation input unit or a zoom control signal received via the communication unit; and selectively setting a zoom position changing speed for driving control performed in response to the zoom operation and a zoom position changing speed for driving control performed in response to the zoom control signal, the zoom position changing speeds being different from each other.

A fourth embodiment of the present technology provides an image capturing apparatus including an image capturing optical system including a zoom lens, an operation input unit configured to accept a user operation, a communication unit configured to perform communication with an external apparatus, and a control unit configured to perform driving control of the zoom lens in response to a zoom operation accepted by the operation input unit or a zoom control signal received by the communication unit and configured to selectively set a zoom position changing speed for driving control performed in response to the zoom operation and a zoom position changing speed for driving control performed in response to the zoom control signal, the zoom position changing speeds being different from each other.

A fifth embodiment of the present technology provides an information processing apparatus including a communication unit configured to perform communication with an image capturing apparatus, a display unit configured to display a captured image obtained from the image capturing apparatus via the communication unit, an operation input unit configured to accept a user operation, and a control unit configured to generate a zoom control signal for controlling a zooming action performed in the image capturing apparatus, in accordance with at least one of an operation position where a zoom operation is accepted by the operation input unit, duration of the zoom operation accepted by the operation input unit, and a movement distance over which the operation position of the zoom operation accepted by the operation input unit is moved and configured to output the generated zoom control signal to the image capturing apparatus via the communication unit.

In the information processing apparatus according to the embodiment of the present technology, a captured image is obtained from the image capturing apparatus via wireless communication and is displayed on the display unit. A zoom control signal for controlling a zooming action performed in the image capturing apparatus may be generated in accordance with the operation position of a user operation accepted by the operation input unit or the movement distance of the operation position, and may be output to the image capturing apparatus via the communication unit. For example, a zoom position changing period over which the zooming action is performed in the image capturing apparatus may be set in accordance with the movement distance of the operation position of a pinch operation. A target zoom position of the zooming action performed in the image capturing apparatus may be determined in accordance with the zoom position obtained from the image capturing apparatus and the movement distance of the operation position of the pinch operation. A zoom position changing speed of the zooming action performed in the image capturing apparatus may be determined in accordance with a movement speed of the operation position of the pinch operation.

A sixth embodiment of the present technology provides an information processing method including performing, with a communication unit, communication with an image capturing apparatus; displaying, with a display unit, a captured image obtained from the image capturing apparatus via the communication unit; generating, with a control unit, a zoom control signal for controlling a zooming action performed in the image capturing apparatus, in accordance with at least one of an operation position where a zoom operation is accepted with an operation input unit, duration of the zoom operation accepted with the operation input unit, and a movement distance over which the operation position of the zoom operation accepted with the operation input unit is moved; and outputting, with the control unit, the generated zoom control signal to the image capturing apparatus via the communication unit.

A seventh embodiment of the present technology provides a computer-readable storage medium storing a program causing a computer to execute a process for triggering driving control of a zoom lens included in an image capturing apparatus. The process includes performing, via a communication unit, communication with the image capturing apparatus; generating a zoom control signal for controlling a zooming action performed in the image capturing apparatus in response to a zoom operation accepted with an operation input unit; and outputting the generated zoom control signal to the image capturing apparatus via the communication unit. A zoom position changing speed for zoom driving control performed in response to a zoom operation accepted with an operation input unit included in the image capturing apparatus and a zoom position changing speed for zoom driving control performed in response to the zoom control signal are set to be different.

An eighth embodiment of the present technology provides an image capturing system including an image capturing apparatus and an information processing apparatus. The image capturing apparatus includes an image capturing optical system including a zoom lens, an operation input unit configured to accept a user operation, a communication unit configured to perform communication with the information processing apparatus, and a control unit configured to perform driving control of the zoom lens in response to a zoom operation accepted by the operation input unit included in the image capturing apparatus or a zoom control signal received by the communication unit included in the image capturing apparatus. The information processing apparatus includes a communication unit configured to perform communication with the image capturing apparatus, an operation input unit configured to accept a user operation, and a control unit configured to generate a zoom control signal for controlling a zooming action performed in the image capturing apparatus, in response to a zoom operation accepted by the operation input unit included in the information processing apparatus and configured to output the generated zoom control signal to the image capturing apparatus via the communication unit included in the information processing apparatus. A zoom position changing speed for driving control performed in response to the zoom operation and a zoom position changing speed for driving control performed in response to the zoom

control signal are set to be different by the control unit included in the image capturing apparatus.

Note that the programs according to the embodiments of the present technology may be provided to, for example, a general-purpose computer capable of executing various program codes by using a computer-readable storage medium, for example, an optical disc, a magnetic disk, or a semiconductor memory, or a communication medium, such as a network. By providing such programs in a computer-readable format, processes based on the programs are implemented in the computer.

According to the embodiments of the present technology, driving control of the zoom lens is performed in response to a zoom operation accepted by the operation input unit or a zoom control signal received by the communication unit and different zoom position changing speeds are set for driving control performed in response to the zoom operation and driving control performed in response to the zoom control signal. Accordingly, the zoom position changing speed is switched between the one suitable for a zoom operation accepted by the operation input unit and the one suitable for the zoom control signal, that is, a zoom operation performed in the external apparatus. This configuration consequently enables a zooming operation to be performed with excellent operability when a zoom operation is performed either in the image capturing apparatus or in the external apparatus. Benefits described herein are merely illustrative and should not be construed as limitations and there may be additional benefits.

## BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

FIG. **1** is a diagram illustrating the appearance (rear side) of an image capturing system;

FIG. **2** is a diagram illustrating the appearance (front side) of the image capturing system;

FIG. **3** is a diagram illustrating the case where an image capturing apparatus and an information processing apparatus are integrated using an adapter;

FIG. **4** is a block diagram illustrating the functional configuration of the image capturing apparatus;

FIG. **5** is a block diagram illustrating the functional configuration of the information processing apparatus (e.g., a smartphone);

FIG. **6** is a sequence diagram illustrating a process performed before a cooperative function is started between the image capturing apparatus and the information processing apparatus;

FIG. **7** is a flowchart illustrating an action performed by the image capturing apparatus;

FIG. **8** is a diagram illustrating characteristics regarding how the zoom position is changed;

FIG. **9** is a flowchart illustrating a zoom position notification process;

FIG. **10** is a flowchart illustrating an action performed by the information processing apparatus;

FIG. **11** is a flowchart illustrating a zoom position display process;

FIG. **12** is a diagram illustrating a screen displayed on a display unit of the information processing apparatus;

FIG. **13** is a diagram illustrating characteristics regarding how the zoom position is changed in another action;

FIG. **14** is a flowchart illustrating an action performed in the case where zoom driving control is performed in accordance with duration of a pinch operation;

FIG. **15** is a flowchart illustrating an action performed in case where zoom driving control is performed in accordance with a movement distance of a pinch operation;

FIG. **16** is a flowchart illustrating how a zooming action instruction is made; and

FIG. **17** is a flowchart illustrating an action performed in the case where zoom driving control is performed in accordance with a movement distance of a pinch operation and a current zoom magnification (zoom position).

## DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF EMBODIMENTS

Embodiments for carrying out the present technology will be described below. The description will be given in the following order.



### 1. Configuration of Image Capturing System

An image capturing system includes an image capturing apparatus and an information processing apparatus. The image capturing apparatus has, for example, a zoom function, and thus is capable of generating image information of a still image or movie of a desired angle of view. The image capturing apparatus also has a wireless communication function, and thus is capable of performing wireless communication with the information processing apparatus. The image capturing apparatus performs an action in accordance with a control signal supplied from the information processing apparatus via wireless communication. The image capturing apparatus also outputs various pieces of information to the information processing apparatus via wireless communication.

The information processing apparatus has a display function and a wireless communication function. For example, a mobile phone, a smartphone, a tablet terminal, or a notebook computer may be used as the information processing apparatus. The information processing apparatus generates a control signal for operating the image capturing apparatus, and outputs the generated control signal to the image capturing apparatus via wireless communication. The information processing apparatus also processes information supplied from the image capturing apparatus via wireless communication. For example, the information processing apparatus displays a captured image on the basis of image information supplied from the image capturing apparatus.

#### 1-1. Appearance of Image Capturing System

FIGS. **1** and **2** illustrate the appearance of the image capturing system according to an embodiment of the present technology. Specifically, FIG. **1** illustrates the rear side of the image capturing system and FIG. **2** illustrates the front side of the image capturing system. Also, a smartphone, for example, is used as the information processing apparatus.

An image capturing system **10** includes an image capturing apparatus **20** and an information processing apparatus (e.g., a smartphone) **50**.

The image capturing apparatus **20** includes an image capturing optical system block, an image capturing unit, a signal

processing unit, a communication unit, and a camera control unit (which are not illustrated) inside an outer cylinder **21** having a cylindrical shape. At a front end of the outer cylinder **21**, a control ring **22** having a circular shape is provided. The image capturing apparatus **20** changes the in-focus position or the zoom position in response to rotation of the control ring **22**. Accordingly, the use of the control ring **22** enables manual operation such as focus adjustment. On a lateral face of the outer cylinder **21**, a zoom button **441** and a shutter button **442** are provided. The image capturing apparatus **20** changes the zoom position to the wide-angle side or the telephoto side at a predetermined speed in response to operation of the zoom button **441**. In a still image mode, the image capturing apparatus **20** records a still image captured when the user operates the shutter button **442** on a recording medium. In a movie mode, the image capturing apparatus **20** starts or ends recording a movie in response to operation of the shutter button **442**.

The information processing apparatus **50** includes a signal processing unit, a communication unit, and a control unit (which are not illustrated) inside an outer casing **51** having a substantially rectangular parallelepiped shape. On a face (rear face) of the outer casing **51**, a display panel **52** which is a touch screen is provided. Various functions are carried out in response to operations performed at predetermined positions of the display panel **52**.

In the image capturing system **10**, the image capturing apparatus **20** and the information processing apparatus **50** are not necessarily used in an integrated state as illustrated in FIGS. **1** and **2** and may be used in a separated state. Note that FIG. **3** illustrates the case where the image capturing apparatus **20** and the information processing apparatus **50** are integrated using an adapter **80**.

To a rear end of the image capturing apparatus **20**, a rear panel **25** having a disc shape is attached. At an outer periphery of the rear panel **25**, connectors **26** protruding toward the rear side are provided. The rear panel **25** supports lock pins **27** in such a manner that the lock pins **27** are movable forward and backward. The lock pins **27** are urged by urging members (not illustrated) toward the rear side. The image capturing apparatus **20** also includes an unlock lever (not illustrated). Operation of the unlock lever causes the lock pins **27** to be drawn into the rear panel **25**.

The adapter **80** includes a casing **81** having a cylindrical shape and a size corresponding to the outer cylinder **21** of the image capturing apparatus **20**. At an end of the casing **81**, two attachments **82** are rotationally provided so as to stand from a first opposing face **85** of the casing **81** opposing the information processing apparatus **50**. The attachments **82** are each urged by an urging member in a direction from the standing position to the folded position. The attachments **82** each include a clamping portion **83** having a substantially planar shape and a retaining projection **84** protruding from an end of the clamping portion **83** toward the center. A second opposing face **86** of the casing **81** opposing the image capturing apparatus **20** has thereon connector recesses (not illustrated) into which the connectors **26** of the image capturing apparatus **20** are inserted and lock holes (not illustrated) into which the lock pins **27** are inserted.

When connecting the image capturing apparatus **20** to the adapter **80**, the user inserts the connectors **26** of the image capturing apparatus **20** into the connector recesses of the adapter **80**, and then rotates the image capturing apparatus **20** in a predetermined direction. Consequently, the connectors **26** are secured in the connector recesses. When the connectors **26** are secured in the connector recesses, the lock pins **27** are in the lock holes. Accordingly, the image capturing apparatus **20** and the adapter **80** are locked in the connected state. When separating the image capturing apparatus **20** from the adapter **80**, the user operates the unlock lever, and then rotates the image capturing apparatus **20** in a direction opposite to the predetermined direction. The lock pins **27** are removed from the lock holes as a result of operation of the unlock lever. In this state, the image capturing apparatus **20** is rotated in the opposite direction. As a result, the connectors **26** are no longer secured in the connector recesses. In this way, the image capturing apparatus **20** is separated from the adapter **80**.

When connecting the adapter **80** to the information processing apparatus **50**, the user makes the attachments **82** of the adapter **80** stand from the first opposing face **85**. The user also adjusts the space between the attachments **82** to a width corresponding to the outer casing **51** of the information processing apparatus **50** so as to cause the clamping portions **83** of the attachments **82** to clamp the outer casing **51** therebetween. The retaining projections **84** are secured on the rear face (on the display panel side) of the outer casing **51**. In this way, the adapter **80** is connected to the information processing apparatus **50**. The information processing apparatus **50** is separated from the adapter **80** by canceling the clamping state achieved by the clamping portions **83** and the secured state achieved by the retaining projections **84**.

As described above, the use of the image capturing apparatus **20**, the information processing apparatus **50**, and the adapter **80** permits the image capturing apparatus **20** and the information processing apparatus **50** to be used in the integrated state or in the separated state. Note that the configuration of the adapter **80** is not limited to the one illustrated in FIG. **3** and may be another configuration. Also, the image capturing apparatus **20** and the information processing apparatus **50** may be made integral with each other or separable from each other without using the adapter **80**.

1-2. Functional Configuration of Image Capturing Apparatus

Next, the functional configuration of the image capturing apparatus **20** will be described. FIG. **4** is a block diagram illustrating the functional configuration of the image capturing apparatus **20**.

As illustrated in FIG. **4**, the image capturing apparatus **20** includes an image capturing optical system block **31**, an image capturing unit **32**, an image processing unit **33**, a recording/reproducing unit **34**, a display unit **35**, a power supply unit **36**, a timepiece unit **37**, a memory unit **38**, an attitude detection unit **39**, a wireless communication unit **41**, an operation input unit **44**, and a camera control unit **45**. The image capturing apparatus **20** also includes a recording medium **46** which is removable therefrom.

The image capturing optical system block **31** includes a set of lenses such as a focus lens and a zoom lens, an aperture adjusting mechanism, and driving units for driving the set of lenses and the aperture adjusting mechanism. The image capturing optical system block **31** may further include a shutter mechanism and a blurring correction mechanism.

The image capturing unit **32** includes an imaging device, such as a charge coupled device (CCD) imaging device or a complementary metal oxide semiconductor (CMOS) imaging device. The image capturing unit **32** converts an optical image of a subject formed by the image capturing optical system block **31** into an image signal. The image capturing unit **32** outputs the image signal generated through photoelectric conversion to the image processing unit **33**.

The image processing unit **33** performs various types of signal processing or the like on the image signal output from the image capturing unit **32**. For example, the image processing unit **33** performs processing, such as noise reduction, tone correction, and edge detection, if necessary. The image pro-

cessing unit **33** outputs the resulting image signal to the recording/reproducing unit **34**.

The recording/reproducing unit **34** performs, using the recording medium **46**, recording of a captured image and reproduction of a recorded captured image. Specifically, the recording/reproducing unit **34** records an image signal of a still image or movie that has been generated by the image capturing unit **32** and has been processed by the image processing unit **33**, on the recording medium **46**. The recording/reproducing unit **34** reproduces a still image or movie recorded on the recording medium **46** and reads out the corresponding image signal from the recording medium **46**. Note that the recording/reproducing unit **34** may record an image signal not yet processed by the image processing unit **33** on the recording medium **46**. The recording/reproducing unit **34** may perform encoding processing to reduce the size of an image signal to be recorded on the recording medium **46** and decoding processing to decode encoded data recorded on the recording medium **46**.

The display unit **35** includes, for example, a liquid crystal display. The display unit **35** displays a captured image or information representing settings or the operating state of the image capturing apparatus **20**. The power supply unit **36** includes a battery and a power supply circuit. The power supply unit **36** supplies power to each component of the image capturing apparatus **20** in accordance with a control signal output from the camera control unit **45**. The timepiece unit **37** keeps the time and outputs time information indicating the current time to the recording/reproducing unit **34** so as to enable a captured image to be recorded together with the capturing time.

The memory unit **38** includes recording media, such as a random access memory (RAM) and a read only memory (ROM). The RAM is used by the camera control unit **45** as a work area, for example. The ROM stores programs or the like causing the camera control unit **45** to perform various kinds of control, for example. The RAM and the ROM store control information or the like used by the camera control unit **45** to perform various kinds of control.

The attitude detection unit **39** detects the attitude of or the change in the attitude of the image capturing apparatus **20**. The attitude detection unit **39** includes a gravity sensor, a gyro sensor, or a 3-axis acceleration sensor. The attitude detection unit **39** detects the change in the attitude of the image capturing apparatus **20** in the vertical and horizontal directions, or the rotation position of or the change in the rotation position of the image capturing apparatus **20** with respect to a rotation axis which is the optical axis of the image capturing optical system block **31**. The attitude detection unit **39** outputs an attitude detection signal to the camera control unit **45**. Outputting the image signal of a captured image together with the attitude detection signal to the information processing apparatus **50** enables the captured image to be displayed while taking the attitude of the image capturing apparatus **20** into account. For example, when a captured image is generated in a state where the image capturing apparatus **20** is tilted with respect to the horizontal direction, a subject that is not tilted with respect to the horizontal direction is displayed to be tilted with respect to the horizontal direction in the information processing apparatus **50**. However, by correcting the tilt using the attitude detection signal, the subject that is not tilted with respect to the horizontal direction is correctly displayed in the non-tilted state.

The wireless communication unit **41** includes a Near Filed Communication (NFC) communication unit **411**, an NFC antenna **412**, a Wireless Fidelity (Wi-Fi) communication unit **413**, and a Wi-Fi antenna **414**.

The NFC communication unit **411** is an interface that enables, together with the NFC antenna **412**, non-contact communication with an external apparatus (for example, the information processing apparatus **50**) located near the image capturing apparatus **20**, under control of the camera control unit **45**. The NFC communication unit **411** transmits, from the NFC antenna **412**, a radio wave that reaches up to a position that is approximately 3 to 10 centimeters away or, depending on its design, approximately 7 millimeters away from the NFC antenna **412**, so as to perform NFC communication with an external apparatus located within the reachable range of the radio wave. The NFC communication unit **411** transmits, for example, connection information (Wi-Fi Configuration) used to automatically establish a Wi-Fi connection and Android Application Record (AAR), in response to a check command received from an external apparatus. The connection information includes a service set identifier (SSID) and a pass key (encryption key) used to establish a Wi-Fi connection.

The Wi-Fi communication unit **413** is an interface that enables, together with the Wi-Fi antenna **414**, wireless communication with an external apparatus (for example, the information processing apparatus **50**), under control of the camera control unit **45**. For example, the Wi-Fi communication unit **413** performs Wi-Fi authentication in response to a Wi-Fi connection request received from an external apparatus so as to establish a Wi-Fi communication connection to the external apparatus.

The operation input unit **44** detects an operation input by a user and outputs an operation signal corresponding to the user operation to the camera control unit **45**. The operation input unit **44** includes the zoom button **441** and the shutter button **442**. Each physical switch is pre-assigned a corresponding function.

The camera control unit **45** executes programs recorded in the memory unit **38** so as to generate control signals based on operation signals supplied from the operation input unit **44** or control information or the like stored in the memory unit **38**. The camera control unit **45** outputs each of the generated control signals to a corresponding component so as to perform image capturing control, image processing control, or recording/reproduction control so that an action corresponding to the user operation is performed in the image capturing apparatus **20**. The camera control unit **45** also controls the NFC communication unit **411** and the Wi-Fi communication unit **413** included in the wireless communication unit **41** so as to perform wireless communication with the information processing apparatus **50**, and performs zoom driving control on the basis of a zoom control signal supplied from the information processing apparatus **50**. When performing zoom driving control in accordance with a zoom operation accepted by the operation input unit **44** or a zoom control signal received by the wireless communication unit **41**, the camera control unit **45** sets different zoom position changing speeds for zoom driving control performed in response to a zoom operation accepted by the operation input unit **44** and for zoom driving control performed in response to a zoom control signal.

The recording medium **46**, such as a memory card on which captured images or the like are recorded, is removable.

1-3. Functional Configuration of Information Processing Apparatus

Next, the functional configuration of the information processing apparatus **50** will be described. FIG. **5** is a block diagram illustrating the functional configuration of the information processing apparatus **50** (for example, a smartphone).

As illustrated in FIG. **5**, the information processing apparatus **50** includes a wireless communication unit **61**, an audio

input/output unit **62**, a memory unit **63**, a recording/reproducing unit **64**, a power supply unit **65**, a display unit **67**, an operation input unit **68**, and a control unit **70**. The information processing apparatus **50** also includes a recording medium **71** which is removable therefrom.

The wireless communication unit **61** includes an NFC communication unit **611**, an NFC antenna **612**, a Wi-Fi communication unit **613**, and a Wi-Fi antenna **614**. Note that the wireless communication unit **61** may further include a communication unit (not illustrated) compliant with the cellular phone communication standard.

The NFC communication unit **611** is an interface that enables, together with the NFC antenna **612**, non-contact communication with an external apparatus (for example, the image capturing apparatus **20**) located near the information processing apparatus **50**, under control of the control unit **70**. The NFC communication unit **611** performs NFC communication with, for example, the image capturing apparatus **20** as described above.

The Wi-Fi communication unit **613** is an interface that enables, together with the Wi-Fi antenna **614**, wireless communication with an external apparatus (for example, the image capturing apparatus **20**), under control of the control unit **70**. The Wi-Fi communication unit **613** establishes a Wi-Fi communication connection to, for example, the image capturing apparatus **20** as described above.

The audio input/output unit **62** includes a speaker and a microphone. The audio input/output unit **62** receives and outputs audio of a voice call carried out via the wireless communication unit **61**. The audio input/output unit **62** also outputs reproduced sound of music content or movie content recorded in the memory unit **63** or on the recording medium **71**.

The memory unit **63** includes recording media, such as a RAM and a ROM. The RAM is used by the control unit **70** as a work area, for example. The ROM stores programs or the like causing the control unit **70** to perform various kinds of control, for example. The RAM and the ROM store control information or the like used by the control unit **70** to perform various kinds of control. The RAM may further store music content, movie content, various application programs, captured images supplied from the image capturing apparatus **20**, mail information, and so forth.

The recording/reproducing unit **64** performs, using the recording medium **71**, recording and readout of various pieces of information. Specifically, the recording/reproducing unit **64** records, for example, music content, movie content, captured images, mail information, and address information of other people used for wireless communication, on the recording medium **71**. The recording/reproducing unit **64** also reads out various pieces of information recorded on the recording medium **71**.

The power supply unit **65** includes a battery and a power supply circuit. The power supply unit **65** supplies power to each component of the information processing apparatus **50**.

The display unit **67** includes a display element, such as a liquid crystal display or an organic electroluminescence (EL) display. The display unit **67** displays graphical user interface (GUI) screens, text and images based on actions of applications, and so forth, under control of the control unit **70**.

The operation input unit **68** includes operation switches and a touch screen. The touch screen is disposed on a display screen of the display unit **67**. Each item displayed on the display screen is assigned a corresponding function. The operation input unit **68** generates an operation signal corresponding to a user operation, and outputs the generated operation signal to the control unit **70**. Note that the display panel **52** is constituted by the display unit **67** and the operation input unit **68**.

The control unit **70** executes programs recorded in the memory unit **63** so as to generate control signals based on operation signals supplied from the operation input unit **68** or control information or the like stored in the memory unit **63**. The control unit **70** also outputs each of the generated control signals to a corresponding component so as to perform communication control, display control, and recording/reproduction control so that an action corresponding to the user operation is performed in the information processing apparatus **50**. The control unit **70** also controls the NFC communication unit **611** and the Wi-Fi communication unit **613** so as to perform wireless communication with the image capturing apparatus **20**. The control unit **70** further starts a certain application program on the basis of communication with the image capturing apparatus **20**. After the startup of the program, the control unit **70** generates a zoom control signal for controlling a zooming action of the image capturing apparatus **20**, in accordance with at least one of an operation position where a zoom operation is performed, duration of the zoom operation, and a movement distance of the operation position based on an operation signal. The control unit **70** then transmits the generated zoom control signal to the image capturing apparatus **20**.

2. Actions of Image Capturing System

2-1. Cooperation between Image Capturing Apparatus and Information Processing Apparatus

Next, actions of the image capturing system **10** will be described. FIG. **6** is a sequence diagram illustrating a process performed before a cooperative function is started between the image capturing apparatus **20** and the information processing apparatus **50** in the image capturing system **10**.

In step ST**1**, the information processing apparatus **50** issues a polling command via NFC communication. At this time, if the NFC antenna **412** of the image capturing apparatus **20** is located within a predetermined radio wave reachable range from the NFC antenna **612** of the information processing apparatus **50**, the NFC communication unit **411** of the image capturing apparatus **20** detects the issued polling command in step ST**2**.

Upon detecting NFC communication from the information processing apparatus **50**, the NFC communication unit **411** of the image capturing apparatus **20** notifies the camera control unit **45** of detection in step ST**3**.

In response to the detection notification made by the NFC communication unit **411**, the camera control unit **45** generates a control signal, and outputs the control signal to the power supply unit **36** so as to perform power-on control in step ST**4**.

Upon detecting the NFC communication, the NFC communication unit **411** issues a command response via NFC communication in step ST**5**.

In step ST**6**, the information processing apparatus **50** detects the command response issued from the image capturing apparatus **20**, thereby discovering the NFC communication counterpart, and then issues a check command in order to obtain predetermined information.

In step ST**7**, the NFC communication unit **411** of the image capturing apparatus **20** outputs the check command received via NFC communication to the camera control unit **45**.

In response to the check command, the camera control unit **45** outputs response data to the NFC communication unit **411** in step ST**8**. This response data includes, for example, Wi-Fi Configuration and AAR mentioned above.

In step ST**9**, the NFC communication unit **411** transmits the response data to the information processing apparatus **50**

via NFC communication. Note that the response data may be transmitted in a divided manner by performing steps ST6 to ST9 multiple times.

In step ST10, the camera control unit **45** performs an image capturing preparation action. Specifically, the camera control unit **45** performs a preparation action so as to make the image capturing apparatus **20** be ready for image capturing. Here, the preparation action may be performed, so that the state in which the image capturing apparatus **20** is ready for image capturing is identifiable. For example, in the case where a collapsible lens is used as the image capturing optical system block **31**, the camera control unit **45** performs an action to bring the lens out or to output activation sound. Note that the image capturing preparation action may be performed after a Wi-Fi connection is established.

In step ST11, the information processing apparatus **50** starts a predetermined application in accordance with the received AAR. For example, the predetermined application receives an image signal of a captured image transmitted from the image capturing apparatus **20** via Wi-Fi communication and displays the captured image.

In step ST12, the information processing apparatus **50** uses the received Wi-Fi configuration so as to transmit a Wi-Fi connection request to the image capturing apparatus **20**.

In step ST13, the Wi-Fi communication unit **413** of the image capturing apparatus **20** outputs the connection request received from the information processing apparatus **50** to the camera control unit **45**.

In step ST14, the camera control unit **45** performs Wi-Fi authentication. Note that Wi-Fi authentication may be performed by the Wi-Fi communication unit **413**.

In step ST15, the camera control unit **45** outputs the authentication result to the Wi-Fi communication unit **413**.

In step ST16, the Wi-Fi communication unit **413** transmits the authentication result to the information processing apparatus **50**. In step ST17, the information processing apparatus **50** completes establishment of a Wi-Fi connection as a result of successful authentication. Thereafter, the image capturing apparatus **20** and the information processing apparatus **50** carry out a cooperative function using Wi-Fi communication.

Note that the image capturing apparatus **20** and the information processing apparatus **50** are made at least operate in cooperation with each other via Wi-Fi communication or the like. Thus, a procedure performed before a cooperative function is started between the image capturing apparatus **20** and the information processing apparatus **50** is not limited to the procedure illustrated in FIG. **6**.

2-2. Zooming Action of Image Capturing Apparatus

Next, a description will be given of a zooming action performed by the image capturing apparatus **20** in the case where a cooperative function is enabled between the image capturing apparatus **20** and the information processing apparatus **50**.

The camera control unit **45** of the image capturing apparatus **20** performs a process illustrated in FIG. **7** upon detecting operation of the zoom button **441** on the basis of an operation signal supplied from the operation input unit **44** or upon detecting a zoom control signal supplied from the information processing apparatus **50** via Wi-Fi communication.

FIG. **7** is a flowchart illustrating an action performed by the image capturing apparatus **20**. In step ST21, the camera control unit **45** identifies a zoom operation type indicated by a zoom request. If the camera control unit **45** determines that the zoom request is made using the zoom button **441** provided on the image capturing apparatus **20**, the process proceeds to step ST22. If the camera control unit **45** determines that the zoom request is made by the information processing apparatus **50** and specifies zoom driving control performed for a predetermined period, the process proceeds to step ST24. If the camera control unit **45** determines that the zoom request is made by the information processing apparatus **50** and is an instruction to start zoom driving control, the process proceeds to step ST25. Note that the zoom request specifies whether the zoom position is to be changed to the wide-angle side or the telephoto side on the basis of the user operation.

In step ST22, the camera control unit **45** performs zoom driving control in a standard mode. Specifically, the camera control unit **45** changes the zoom position in a direction indicated by the zoom request received from the operation input unit **44** at a standard changing speed. Then, the process proceeds to step ST23. FIG. **8** illustrates characteristics regarding how the zoom position is changed. In the case where the camera control unit **45** performs zoom driving control in the standard mode, the camera control unit **45** changes the zoom position in a direction indicated by the zoom request at a zoom position changing speed VA (equivalent to the standard changing speed).

In step ST23, the camera control unit **45** determines whether the zoom operation is terminated. If the camera control unit **45** determines that the operation of the zoom button **441** is continued, the process returns to step ST22. If the camera control unit **45** determines that the operation of the zoom button **441** is terminated, the camera control unit **45** ends zoom driving control.

When the process proceeds from step ST21 to step ST24, the camera control unit **45** performs zoom driving control in a single-step mode. Specifically, the camera control unit **45** changes the zoom position in a direction indicated by the zoom request received from the information processing apparatus **50** for a preset period, for example, at a low changing speed which is lower than the standard changing speed. The camera control unit **45** then ends zoom driving control. In the case where the camera control unit **45** performs zoom driving control in the single-step mode, the camera control unit **45** changes the zoom position in a direction indicated by the zoom request for a preset period, for example, at a zoom position changing speed VB which is lower than the zoom position changing speed VA illustrated in FIG. **8**. Note that the zoom position may be changed at the standard changing speed in the single-step mode.

When the process proceeds from step ST21 to step ST25, the camera control unit **45** performs zoom driving control in a low-speed mode. Specifically, the camera control unit **45** changes the zoom position in a direction indicated by the zoom request received from the information processing apparatus **50**, for example, at the low changing speed which is lower than the standard changing speed. Then, the process proceeds to step ST26. In the case where the camera control unit **45** performs zoom driving control in the low-speed mode, the camera control unit **45** changes the zoom position in a direction indicated by the zoom request, for example, at the zoom position changing speed VB.

In step ST26, the camera control unit **45** determines whether the zoom operation is terminated. If the camera control unit **45** determines that the wireless signal received from the information processing apparatus **50** indicates continuance of the zoom operation, the process returns to step ST25. If the camera control unit **45** determines that the wireless signal indicates termination of the zoom operation, the camera control unit **45** ends zoom driving control.

The camera control unit **45** may also perform a zoom position notification process illustrated in FIG. **9** while performing zoom driving control in each of the standard mode, the single-step mode, and the low-speed mode, so as to notify

the information processing apparatus **50** of the resulting zoom position set in the image capturing apparatus **20**.

In step ST**31**, the camera control unit **45** determines whether the zoom position has changed. If the camera control unit **45** determines that the zoom position has changed, the process proceeds to step ST**32**. If not, the process ends.

In step ST**32**, the camera control unit **45** makes a zoom position change notification. Specifically, the camera control unit **45** transmits, as a wireless signal, zoom position change information indicating the resulting zoom position to the information processing apparatus **50** via Wi-Fi communication.

The configuration in which the image capturing apparatus **20** notifies the information processing apparatus **50** of the zoom position permits a user to confirm, using the information processing apparatus **50**, the zoom position set in the image capturing apparatus **20** when operating the zoom of the image capturing apparatus **20** using the information processing apparatus **50**. Note that the example illustrated in FIG. **7** includes the single-step mode in addition to the standard mode and the low-speed mode but the single-step mode may be omitted.

2-3. Zooming Control Action of Information Processing Apparatus

Next, a zooming control action performed by the information processing apparatus **50** will be described. FIG. **10** is a flowchart illustrating an action performed by the information processing apparatus **50**. In the case where the cooperative function is enabled between the information processing apparatus **50** and the image capturing apparatus **20** and the information processing apparatus **50** controls the zooming action of the image capturing apparatus **20**, the information processing apparatus **50** provides, for example, a GUI including an icon for changing the zoom position to the wide-angle side and an icon for changing the zoom position to a telephoto side on the screen of the display unit **67**. Note that the icon for changing the zoom position to the wide-angle side is referred to as a wide-angle zoom button and the icon for changing the zoom position to the telephoto side is referred to as a telephoto zoom button. In the case where a zoom operation is performed using the wide-angle zoom button or telephoto zoom button, the information processing apparatus **50** performs a process starting from step ST**41** so as to cause the image capturing apparatus **20** to perform zoom driving control.

In step ST**41**, the control unit **70** determines whether or not the zoom operation is continued for a predetermined period or longer. If the control unit **70** determines that operation of the wide-angle zoom button or the telephoto zoom button is continued for the predetermined period or longer, the process proceeds to step ST**42**. If the operation of the wide-angle zoom button or the telephoto zoom button is terminated before duration of the zoom button operation becomes the predetermined period or longer, the process proceeds to step ST**45**. For example, if the wide-angle zoom button or the telephoto zoom button is operated for a period shorter than the predetermined period (hereinafter, this operation is referred to as a "touch operation"), the process proceeds to step ST**45**. If the wide-angle zoom button or the telephoto zoom button is operated for the predetermined period or longer (hereinafter, this operation is referred to as a "push operation"), the process proceeds to step ST**42**.

In step ST**42**, the control unit **70** issues a zooming start instruction. Specifically, the control unit **70** determines which of the wide-angle zoom button and the telephoto zoom button is being operated, and generates a zoom control signal for starting zoom driving control for changing the zoom position to the direction corresponding to the operated zoom button. The control unit **70** outputs the generated zoom control signal to the Wi-Fi communication unit **613** of the wireless communication unit **61**. The zoom control signal is transmitted from the Wi-Fi antenna **614** to the image capturing apparatus **20**. The process then proceeds to step ST**43**.

In step ST**43**, the control unit **70** determines whether the zoom operation is terminated. If the control unit **70** determines that the zoom operation using the wide-angle zoom button or the telephoto zoom button is terminated, the process proceeds to step ST**44**. If the control unit **70** determines that the zoom operation is continued, the process returns to step ST**43**.

In step ST**44**, the control unit **70** issues a zooming end instruction. Specifically, the control unit **70** generates a zoom control signal for ending zoom driving control for changing the zoom position. The control unit **70** outputs the generated zoom control signal to the Wi-Fi communication unit **613** of the wireless communication unit **61**. The zoom control signal is transmitted from the Wi-Fi antenna **614** to the image capturing apparatus **20**. The process then ends.

When the process proceeds from step ST**41** to step ST**45**, the control unit **70** specifies the single-step mode. Specifically, the control unit **70** generates a zoom control signal which triggers zoom driving control in the single-step mode, in which zoom driving control is performed for a preset period. The control unit **70** outputs the generated zoom control signal to the Wi-Fi communication unit **613** of the wireless communication unit **61**. The zoom control signal is transmitted from the Wi-Fi antenna **614** to the image capturing apparatus **20**. The process then ends.

In this way, the control unit **70** generates a zoom control signal that triggers control of the zooming action performed by the image capturing apparatus **20**, in accordance with the operation position and duration of the zoom operation, and transmits the generated zoom control signal to the image capturing apparatus **20**.

In the case where the image capturing apparatus **20** makes a zoom position change notification, the control unit **70** performs a zoom position display process illustrated in FIG. **11**.

In step ST**51**, the control unit **70** determines whether the zoom position change information has been received. If the control unit **70** determines that a wireless signal representing the zoom position change information has not been received from the image capturing apparatus **20**, the process returns to step ST**51**. If the control unit **70** determines that a wireless signal representing the zoom position change information has been received, the process proceeds to step ST**52**.

In step ST**52**, the control unit **70** updates the displayed zoom position. Specifically, the control unit **70** changes, for example, the zoom position on a zoom bar displayed on the screen of the display unit **67** to the notified zoom position, and then terminates the process.

FIG. **12** illustrates the screen displayed on the display unit **67** of the information processing apparatus **50**. Note that FIG. **12** illustrates the screen displayed when the cooperative function is enabled between the information processing apparatus **50** and the image capturing apparatus **20**, for example.

An image GA**1** is, for example, a camera-through image being captured by the image capturing apparatus **20**, a recorded still image, a movie being recorded, or a reproduced still image or movie. An image GA**2** is a zoom button and includes the wide-angle zoom button (W) and the telephoto zoom button (T). An image GA**3** is a zoom bar indicating the zoom position. An image GA**4** is an image capturing mode switch button for selecting a still image capturing mode or a movie capturing mode. An image GA**5** is a shutter button and

thus is an operation button for capturing a still image and for starting and stopping recording of a movie. Images GA**6** are information icons indicating whether the recording medium **46** is inserted and the recording mode used to record captured images on the recording medium **46**. Images GA**7** are image capturing mode icons indicating the image capturing mode. An image GA**8** is a playback button for reproducing a recorded still image or movie. An image GA**9** is a setup button used to make various settings of the image capturing apparatus **20**.

When changing the zoom position set in the image capturing apparatus **20** to the wide-angle side or the telephoto side, the user touches or pushes the zoom button represented by the image GA**2**. Upon detecting a touch operation or push operation in a display area of the image DA**2**, the control unit **70** determines a direction in which the zoom position is to be changed on the basis of which of the wide-angle side (W) and the telephoto side (T) of the zoom button has been operated. Also, the control unit **70** transmits a zoom control signal containing information indicating the determined zoom position changing direction to the image capturing apparatus **20** via Wi-Fi communication. In the case of a touch operation, the control unit **70** generates a zoom control signal that triggers the single-step mode zoom driving control. In the case of a push operation, the control unit **70** generates a zoom control signal for starting the low-speed mode zoom driving control. Further, when detecting termination of the push operation, the control unit **70** generates a zoom control signal for ending the low-speed mode zoom driving control.

In the case where a cooperative function is enabled between the image capturing apparatus **20** and the information processing apparatus **50** and a zoom operation is performed in the information processing apparatus **50**, the zoom position changing speed is set to be lower than that set when a zoom operation is performed in the image capturing apparatus **20**. This makes it easier to change the zoom position to a desired position even if response to the zoom operation performed in the information processing apparatus **50** is slower than response to the zoom operation performed in the image capturing apparatus **20**, because a distance over which the zoom position is moved over duration of the zoom operation becomes smaller. That is, the zoom position changing speed is switched between the one suitable for a zoom operation accepted by the operation input unit **44** and the one suitable for a zoom operation performed in an external apparatus. Because the zoom position changing speed may be switched between the one suitable for a zoom operation accepted by the operation input unit **44** and the one suitable for a zoom operation performed in an external apparatus in this way, a zooming action with excellent operability may be implemented both in the cases where the zoom operation is performed in the image capturing apparatus **20** and in the information processing apparatus **50**. Note that this example includes the single-step mode in addition to the standard mode and the low-speed mode but the single-step mode may be omitted.

3. Other Actions of Image Capturing System

3-1. Other Actions of Image Capturing Apparatus

In the image capturing apparatus **20** described above, the zoom position changing speed is preset to a constant speed. In the case where a zoom operation is performed in the information processing apparatus **50**, the zooming action is performed at a constant speed that is lower than the speed used when a zoom operation is performed in the image capturing apparatus **20**. For example, in the case where a zoom request is made using the zoom button **441** provided on the image capturing apparatus **20**, the zoom position changing speed is set to the first zoom position changing speed VA. In the case where a zoom request is received from the information processing apparatus **50**, the zoom position changing speed is set to the second zoom position changing speed VB lower than the first zoom position changing speed VA. However, the zoom position changing speed is not necessarily constant and may be changed during the zooming action. Also, when a zoom request is received from the information processing apparatus **50**, the zoom position changing speed may be set to a speed higher than the first zoom position changing speed VA.

Next, a description will be given of an action of changing the zoom position changing speed during a zooming action in the case where a zoom operation is performed in the information processing apparatus **50**, among other actions performed by the image capturing apparatus **20**.

FIG. **13** illustrates characteristics regarding how the zoom position is changed during another zooming action. FIG. **13** illustrates, for example, the case where the second zoom position changing speed VB is switched to the first zoom position changing speed VA on the basis of a zoom position changing period. In the case where a zoom request is received from the information processing apparatus **50**, the camera control unit **45** of the image capturing apparatus **20** sets the second zoom position changing speed VB until a zoom position changing period (equivalent to duration of a push operation) reaches a period Ta, for example. If the zoom position changing period exceeds the period Ta, the camera control unit **45** performs control so as to change the zoom position at the first zoom position changing speed VA.

This configuration allows, in the case where a zoom operation is performed in the information processing apparatus **50**, the zoom position to be gradually changed at the start of the zoom operation and also allows the zoom position to be changed at a high speed if the push operation is continued for a period longer than the period Ta. Therefore, in the case where the current zoom position is far from a desired zoom position, the zoom position may be efficiently changed to the desired zoom position.

In addition to changing the zoom position at a preset zoom position changing speed, the image capturing apparatus **20** may change the zoom position at a zoom position changing speed specified by the information processing apparatus **50**. For example, in the case where the zoom position changing speed is specified by a zoom control signal received from the information processing apparatus **50**, the image capturing apparatus **20** performs zoom driving control so as to change the zoom position at this specified zoom position changing speed. Alternatively, the image capturing apparatus **20** may change the zoom position to a zoom position specified by the information processing apparatus **50** at the preset zoom position changing speed or the zoom position changing speed specified by the information processing apparatus **50**. For example, in the case where a target zoom position is specified by a zoom control signal received from the information processing apparatus **50**, the image capturing apparatus **20** performs zoom driving control so as to change the zoom position to this specified zoom position. The configuration to perform such a zoom operation may implement various zooming actions, and thus may improve the operability.

3-2. Other Actions of Information Processing Apparatus

The information processing apparatus **50** described above specifies the single-step mode or issues a zoom driving control start instruction or a zoom driving control end instruction in response to operation of the zoom button. In addition to operation of the zoom button, the information processing apparatus **50** may trigger zoom driving control of the image

capturing apparatus **20**, in response to another user operation, for example, a pinch operation.

FIG. **14** is a flowchart illustrating an action performed by the information processing apparatus **50** in the case where zoom driving control is performed in accordance with duration of a pinch operation performed on the operation input unit **68** of the information processing apparatus **50**.

In step ST**61**, the control unit **70** determines whether a pinch operation is started. If the control unit **70** determines on the basis of an operation signal supplied from the operation input unit **68** that a pinch operation is started, the process proceeds to step ST**62**. If not, the process returns to step ST**61**.

In step ST**62**, the control unit **70** issues a zooming start instruction. Specifically, the control unit **70** determines whether the pinch operation is a pinch-in operation or a pinch-out operation. The control unit **70** then generates a zoom control signal for starting changing the zoom position in a zoom direction based on the determined result. For example, in the case of a pinch-in operation, the zoom position is changed to the wide-angle side so that an image of a wider angle is to be captured. In the case of a pinch-out operation, the zoom position is changed to the telephoto side so that an enlarged image of a desired subject is to be captured. The control unit **70** outputs the generated zoom control signal to the Wi-Fi communication unit **613** of the wireless communication unit **61**, and the zoom control signal is transmitted from the Wi-Fi antenna **614** to the image capturing apparatus **20**. The process then proceeds to step ST**63**.

In step ST**63**, the control unit **70** determines whether the pinch operation is terminated. If the control unit **70** determines on the basis of an operation signal supplied from the operation input unit **68** that the pinch operation is terminated, the process proceeds to step ST**64**. If not, the process returns to step ST**63**.

In step ST**64**, the control unit **70** issues a zooming end instruction. Specifically, the control unit **70** generates a zoom control signal for ending changing of the zoom position. The control unit **70** outputs the generated zoom control signal to the Wi-Fi communication unit **613** of the wireless communication unit **61**, and the zoom control signal is transmitted from the Wi-Fi antenna **614** to the image capturing apparatus **20**. The process then ends.

By performing such a process, the information processing apparatus **50** allows the user to change the zoom position set in the image capturing apparatus **20** through a pinch operation in addition to operation of the zoom button. Furthermore, in the case where the pinch operation is performed over a certain distance at a low speed so as to make duration of the pinch operation longer in the process illustrated in FIG. **14**, the zoom position changing period becomes longer and consequently the movement distance of the zoom position may become larger.

FIG. **15** is a flowchart illustrating an action performed by the information processing apparatus **50** in the case where zoom driving control is performed in accordance with the movement distance of a pinch operation performed on the operation input unit **68**.

In step ST**71**, the control unit **70** determines whether a pinch operation is started. If the control unit **70** determines on the basis of an operation signal supplied from the operation input unit **68** that a pinch operation is started, the process proceeds to step ST**72**. If not, the process returns to step ST**71**.

In step ST**72**, the control unit **70** obtains a movement distance over which the operation position of the pinch operation has been moved (hereinafter, referred to as a pinch movement distance). Specifically, the control unit **70** obtains the pinch movement distance for a predetermined period on the basis of an operation signal supplied from the operation input unit **68**. The process then proceeds to step ST**73**.

In step ST**73**, the control unit **70** sets the zoom position changing period in accordance with the pinch movement distance. The control unit **70** sets the zoom position changing period in accordance with the pinch movement distance such that the zoom position changing period becomes longer as the pinch movement distance becomes larger, for example. The process then proceeds to step ST**74**.

In step ST**74**, the control unit **70** makes a zooming action instruction. FIG. **16** is a flowchart illustrating how a zooming action instruction is made. In step ST**741**, the control unit **70** issues a zooming start instruction. Specifically, the control unit **70** determines whether the pinch operation is a pinch-in operation or a pinch-out operation, and generates a zoom control signal for starting changing of the zoom position in a zoom direction based on the determined result. For example, in the case of a pinch-in operation, the zoom position is changed to the wide-angle side so that an image of a wider angle is to be captured. In the case of a pinch-out operation, the zoom position is changed to the telephoto side so that an enlarged image of a desired subject is to be captured. The control unit **70** outputs the generated zoom control signal to the Wi-Fi communication unit **613** of the wireless communication unit **61**, and the zoom control signal is transmitted from the Wi-Fi antenna **614** to the image capturing apparatus **20**. The process then proceeds to step ST**742**.

In step ST**742**, the control unit **70** determines whether the zoom position changing period has passed. If the control unit **70** determines that the zoom position changing period set in step ST**73** has not passed, the process returns to step S**742**. If the control unit **70** determines that the zoom position changing period has passed, the process proceeds to step ST**743**.

In step ST**743**, the control unit **70** issues a zooming end instruction. Specifically, the control unit **70** generates a zoom control signal for ending changing of the zoom position. The control unit **70** outputs the generated zoom control signal to the Wi-Fi communication unit **613** of the wireless communication unit **61**, and the zoom control signal is transmitted from the Wi-Fi antenna **614** to the image capturing apparatus **20**. Then, the zooming action instruction procedure ends.

After the zooming action instruction procedure ends in the step ST**74**, the process proceeds to step ST**75**, in which the control unit **70** determines whether the pinch operation is terminated. If the control unit **70** determines on the basis of an operation signal supplied from the operation input unit **68** that the pinch operation is not terminated, the process returns to step ST**72**. If the control unit **70** determines that the pinch operation is terminated, the process ends.

By performing such a process, the information processing apparatus **50** allows the user to change the zoom position set in the image capturing apparatus **20** through a pinch operation in addition to operation of the zoom button. Furthermore, the zoom position changing period is set in accordance with the pinch movement distance. This configuration makes it easier for the user to adjust, by adjusting the pinch movement distance, the zoom position changing period set in the image capturing apparatus **20** and consequently the zoom movement distance.

FIG. **17** is a flowchart illustrating an action performed by the information processing apparatus **50** in the case where zoom driving control is performed in accordance with the pinch movement distance of a pinch operation performed on

the operation input unit **68** of the information processing apparatus **50** and the current zoom magnification (zoom position).

In step ST**91**, the control unit **70** determines whether a pinch operation is started. If the control unit **70** determines on the basis of an operation signal supplied from the operation input unit **68** that a pinch operation is performed, the process proceeds to step ST**92**. If not, the process returns to step ST**91**.

In step ST**92**, the control unit **70** obtains the pinch movement distance. Specifically, the control unit **70** obtains the pinch movement distance for a predetermined period on the basis of an operation signal supplied from the operation input unit **68**. The process then proceeds to step ST**93**.

In step ST**93**, the control unit **70** determines a target magnification (target zoom position). Specifically, the control unit **70** calculates the target magnification on the basis of the pinch movement distance obtained in step ST**92** and the current zoom position (current magnification) which the control unit **70** is notified of by the image capturing apparatus **20**. The process then proceeds to ST**94**. For example, in the case of a pinch-in operation, the control unit **70** determines the target magnification that is on the wide-angle side on the basis of the pinch movement distance and the current magnification so that an image of a wider angle is to be captured. For example, in the case of a pinch-out operation, the control unit **70** determines the target magnification that is on the telephoto side on the basis of the pinch movement distance and the current magnification so that an enlarged image of a desired subject is to be captured.

In step ST**94**, the control unit **70** makes a target magnification notification. Specifically, the control unit **70** generates a zoom control signal indicating the target magnification determined in step ST**93**. The control unit **70** outputs the generated zoom control signal to the Wi-Fi communication unit **613** of the wireless communication unit **61**, and the zoom control signal is transmitted from the Wi-Fi antenna **614** to the image capturing apparatus **20**. The process then proceeds to step ST**95**.

In step ST**95**, the control unit **70** determines whether the pinch operation is terminated on the basis of an operation signal supplied from the operation input unit **68**. If the control unit **70** determines that the pinch operation is not terminated, the process returns to step ST**92**. If the control unit **70** determines that the pinch operation is terminated, the process ends.

By performing such a process, the information processing apparatus **50** allows the user to change the zoom position set in the image capturing apparatus **20** through a pinch operation in addition to operation of the zoom button. Also, by performing the process illustrated in FIG. **17**, zoom driving control may be performed so that an image of the target magnification is to be captured.

The image capturing apparatus **20** may change the zoom position at a zoom position changing speed specified by the information processing apparatus **50** in addition to the zoom position changing speed based on information held therein. The zoom position changing speed specified by the information processing apparatus **50** may be higher than that set for a zooming action performed in response to a zoom operation on the operation input unit **44** (a zooming action in the standard mode). In this case, the information processing apparatus **50** determines the zoom position changing speed in accordance with the user operation, and notifies the image capturing apparatus **20** of the determined zoom position changing speed. For example, when determining the zoom position changing speed in accordance with a pinch operation, the control unit **70** sets the zoom position changing speed in accordance with the pinch movement distance for a predetermined period. Specifically, the zoom position changing speed is set to become higher as the pinch movement distance for a predetermined period becomes larger. This configuration allows the user to change the zoom position at a desired speed. Alternatively, the zoom position changing speed may be set to become higher than the zoom position changing speed VA as the pinch movement distance for the predetermined period becomes larger. This configuration allows the user to change the zoom position at a speed higher than that set in the case where the zoom button **441** of the image capturing apparatus **20** is operated. In the case where the image capturing apparatus **20** changes the zoom position at the zoom position changing speed specified by the information processing apparatus **50**, the image capturing apparatus **20** may no longer hold information of the zoom position changing speed used for a zooming action performed in response to a zoom control signal received from the information processing apparatus **50**.

The series of processes described in this specification can be executed by hardware, software, or a composite configuration of both. If the series of processes is to be executed by software, the series of processes can be executed by installing a program recording the processing sequence into a memory in a computer embedded in dedicated hardware. Alternatively, the series of processes can be executed by installing the program into a general-purpose computer capable of executing various processes.

For example, the program can be pre-recorded on a recording medium, such as a hard disk, a solid state drive (SSD), or a ROM. Alternatively, the program can be stored (recorded) temporarily or permanently on a removable recording medium, such as a flexible disk, a compact disc read only memory (CD-ROM), a magneto-optical (MO) disk, a digital versatile disc (DVD), a Blu-ray disc (registered trademark), a magnetic disk, or a semiconductor memory card. Such a removable recording medium can be provided as so-called packaged software.

In addition to being installed into a computer from a removable recording medium, the program may be transferred to the computer in a wireless or wired manner from a download site via a network, such as a local area network (LAN) or the Internet. The computer can receive the program thus transferred and install the program into a built-in recording medium, such as a hard disk.

The present technology is not to be construed as being limited to the embodiments of the technology described above. The embodiments of the technology disclose the present technology merely as an example, and it is obvious that a person skilled in the art can make various modifications to and substitutions for the embodiments without departing from the scope of the present technology. That is, the scope of the present technology is to be determined with reference to the appended claims.

A lens control apparatus according to an embodiment of the present technology can also be configured as follows.

(1) A lens control apparatus including:

an operation input unit configured to accept a user operation;

a communication unit configured to perform communication with an external apparatus; and

a control unit configured to perform driving control of a zoom lens in response to a zoom operation accepted by the operation input unit or a zoom control signal received by the communication unit and configured to selectively set a zoom position changing speed for driving control performed in response to the zoom operation and a zoom position changing

speed for driving control performed in response to the zoom control signal, the zoom position changing speeds being different from each other.

(2) The lens control apparatus according to (1), wherein the control unit sets the zoom position changing speed for driving control performed in response to the zoom control signal to be lower than that for driving control performed in response to the zoom operation.

(3) The lens control apparatus according to Claim (2), wherein the control unit sets, when starting driving control of the zoom lens, the zoom position changing speed for driving control performed in response to the zoom control signal to be lower than that for driving control performed in response to the zoom operation, and later changes the zoom position changing speed to the zoom position changing speed for driving control performed in response to the zoom operation.

(4) The lens control apparatus according to any of (1) to (3), wherein in a case where the zoom control signal indicates that a zoom operation has been performed in the external apparatus over a period shorter than a predetermined period, the control unit performs driving control over a preset period.

(5) The lens control apparatus according to any of (1) to (4), wherein the control unit changes a zoom position of the zoom lens to a target zoom position indicated by the zoom control signal.

(6) The lens control apparatus according to any of (1) to (5), wherein the control unit changes a zoom position of the zoom lens at a zoom position changing speed indicated by the zoom control signal.

(7) The lens control apparatus according to any of (1) to (6), wherein the communication unit transmits information indicating a zoom position of the zoom lens to the external apparatus.

(8) The lens control apparatus according to any of (1) to (7), wherein the communication unit performs communication with the external apparatus wirelessly.

It should be understood by those skilled in the art that various modifications, combinations, sub-combinations and alterations may occur depending on design requirements and other factors insofar as they are within the scope of the appended claims or the equivalents thereof.

What is claimed is:

**1**. A camera, comprising:

an operation input member that receives a local consecutive zoom operation;

a wireless communicator that performs wireless communication with a portable external apparatus having a touch panel so as to receive a zoom control signal from the portable external apparatus, the zoom control signal being generated based on a remote consecutive zoom operation on a control graphical user interface displayed on the touch panel of the portable external apparatus; and

circuitry that performs drive control of a zoom lens in accordance with the local consecutive zoom operation or the zoom control signal so that a zoom position change time from a zoom start position to a zoom end position based on the zoom control signal is longer than a zoom position change time from the zoom start position to the zoom end position based on the local consecutive zoom operation.

**2**. The camera according to claim **1**, wherein the circuitry sets the zoom position change time for the drive control based on the zoom control signal to be longer than the zoom position change time for the drive control based on the local consecutive zoom operation.

**3**. The camera according to claim **2**, wherein the circuitry starts the drive control of the zoom lens with the zoom position change time for the drive control based on the zoom control signal being set to be longer than for the drive control based on the local consecutive zoom operation, and then sets the zoom position change time for the drive control based on the local consecutive zoom operation.

**4**. The camera according to claim **1**, wherein the circuitry performs the drive control of the zoom lens only for a preset period when the zoom control signal indicates that a corresponding zoom operation shorter than a predetermined period is performed in the portable external apparatus.

**5**. The camera according to claim **1**, wherein the circuitry changes the zoom start position of the zoom lens to the zoom end position indicated by the zoom control signal.

**6**. The camera according to claim **1**, wherein the circuitry changes a zoom position of the zoom lens at a zoom position change speed indicated by the zoom control signal.

**7**. The camera according to claim **1**, wherein the wireless communicator transmits information indicating a zoom position of the zoom lens to the portable external apparatus.

**8**. The camera according to claim **1**, wherein the zoom position change time from the zoom start position to the zoom end position based on the zoom control signal is not adjustable by a user.

**9**. The camera according to claim **1**, wherein

the circuitry is configured to determine whether a zoom position has changed; and

the wireless communicator is configured to transmit zoom position change information indicating a resulting zoom position to the portable external apparatus.

**10**. The camera according to claim **9**, wherein

the portable external apparatus changes a zoom position on a zoom bar displayed on a display screen of the portable external apparatus in response to receiving the zoom position change information.

**11**. A method, comprising the steps of:

performing, by a wireless communicator, wireless communication with a portable external apparatus having a touch panel so as to receive a zoom control signal from the portable external apparatus, the zoom control signal being generated based on a remote consecutive zoom operation on a control graphical user interface displayed on the touch panel of the portable external apparatus;

performing, by circuitry, drive control of a zoom lens in accordance with a local consecutive zoom operation or the zoom control signal so that a zoom position change time from a zoom start position to a zoom end position based on the zoom control signal is longer than a zoom position change time from the zoom start position to the zoom end position based on the local consecutive zoom operation.

**12**. A non-transitory computer-readable storage medium storing a program causing a computer performing drive control of a zoom lens to execute a method comprising:

performing, via a wireless communicator, wireless communication with a portable external apparatus having a touch panel so as to receive a zoom control signal from the portable external apparatus, the zoom control signal being generated based on a remote consecutive zoom operation on a control graphical user interface displayed on the touch panel of the portable external apparatus;

performing the drive control of the zoom lens in accordance with a local consecutive zoom operation or the zoom control signal so that a zoom position change time from a zoom start position to a zoom end position based on the zoom control signal is longer than a zoom position

change time from the zoom start position to the zoom end position based on the local consecutive zoom operation.

**13**. An imaging apparatus, comprising:

an imaging optical system that includes a zoom lens;

an operation input member that receives a local consecutive zoom operation;

a wireless communicator that performs wireless communication with a portable external apparatus having a touch panel so as to receive a zoom control signal from the portable external apparatus, the zoom control signal being generated based on a remote consecutive zoom operation on a control graphical user interface displayed on the touch panel of the portable external apparatus; and

circuitry that performs drive control of the zoom lens in accordance with the local consecutive zoom operation or the zoom control signal so that a zoom position change time from a zoom start position to a zoom end position based on the zoom control signal is longer than a zoom position change time from the zoom start position to the zoom end position based on the local consecutive zoom operation.

**14**. A non-transitory computer-readable storage medium storing a program causing a computer performing drive control of a zoom lens provided to an imaging apparatus to execute a method comprising:

performing wireless communication with the imaging apparatus via a wireless communicator;

generating a zoom control signal for controlling a zoom behavior in the imaging apparatus in accordance with a remote consecutive zoom operation and outputting the zoom control signal to the imaging apparatus via the wireless communicator, the zoom control signal being generated based on the remote consecutive zoom operation on a control graphical user interface displayed on a touch panel of a portable external apparatus; and

performing the drive control of the zoom lens in accordance with a local consecutive zoom operation or the zoom control signal so that a zoom position change time from a zoom start position to a zoom end position based on the zoom control signal is longer than a zoom position change time from the zoom start position to the zoom end position based on the local consecutive zoom operation.

**15**. An imaging system, comprising:

an imaging apparatus; and

an information processing apparatus,

the imaging apparatus including:

an imaging optical system that includes a zoom lens,

an operation input member that receives a local consecutive zoom operation,

a wireless communicator that performs wireless communication with the information processing apparatus having a touch panel so as to receive a zoom control signal from the information processing apparatus, the zoom control signal being generated based on a remote consecutive zoom operation on a control graphical user interface displayed on the touch panel of the information processing apparatus, and

circuitry that performs drive control of the zoom lens in accordance with the local consecutive zoom operation or the zoom control signal so that a zoom position change time from a zoom start position to a zoom end position based on the zoom control signal is longer than a zoom position change time from the zoom start position to the zoom end position based on the local consecutive zoom operation, and the information processing apparatus including:

another wireless communicator that performs wireless communication with the imaging apparatus,

another operation input member that receives the remote consecutive zoom operation, and

another circuitry that generates the zoom control signal for controlling a zoom behavior in the imaging apparatus in accordance with the remote consecutive zoom operation, and outputs the zoom control signal to the imaging apparatus via the another communicator.

**16**. The imaging system according to claim **15**, wherein

the operation input member of the imaging apparatus has a configuration in which a function is previously assigned to a physical switch,

the information processing apparatus includes a display that displays a captured image acquired from the imaging apparatus via the another communicator, and

the another operation input member has a configuration in which a function is assigned to the touch panel provided on a display screen of the display in accordance with the display of the display screen.

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